

BULLETIN

No. 13

MAY 1989



OFFICE FOR OCEAN AFFAIRS AND THE LAW OF THE SEA



Publication in the Bulletin of information concerning developments relating to the law of the sea emanating from actions and decisions taken by States does not imply recognition by the United Nations of the validity of the actions and decisions in question.

IF ANY MATERIAL CONTAINED IN THE BULLETIN IS REPRODUCED IN

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I. STATUS OF THE UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION ON THE LAW OF THE SEA

A. Table of signatures and ratifications as of 2 March 1989

STATES	FINAL ACT SIGNATURE	CONVENTION SIGNATURE <u>a/</u>	CONVENTION RATIFICATION
Afghanistan		18/3/83	
Albania			
Algeria * h/	x	x	
Angola *	x	x	
Antigua and Barbuda		7/2/83	2/2/89
Argentina *		5/10/84	
Australia	x	x	
Austria	x	x	
Bahamas	x	x	29/7/83
Bahrain	x	x	30/5/85
Bangladesh	x	x	
Barbados	x	x	
Belgium *	x	5/12/84	
Belize	x	x	13/8/83
Benin	x	30/8/83	
Bhutan	x	x	
Bolivia *		27/11/84	
Botswana	x	5/12/84	
Brazil * **	x	x	22/12/88
Brunei Darussalam		5/12/84	
Bulgaria	x	x	
Burkina Faso	x	x	
Burma	x	x	
Burundi	x	x	
Byelorussian SSR *	x	x	
Cameroon	x	x	19/11/85
Canada	x	x	





STATES	FINAL ACT SIGNATURE	CONVENTION SIGNATURE	CONVENTION RATIFICATION
Iceland **	x	x	21/6/85
India	x	x	
Indonesia	x	x	3/2/86

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Ireland	x	x	
Israel	x		
Italy *	x	7/12/84	
Jamaica	x	x	21/3/83
Japan	x	7/2/83	

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Jordan	x		
Kenya	x	x	2/3/89
Kiribati			
Kuwait **	x	x	2/5/86
Lao People's Democratic Republic	x	x	

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Lebanon		7/12/84	
Lesotho	x	x	
Liberia	x	x	
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	x	3/12/84	
Liechtenstein		30/11/84	

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Luxembourg *	x	5/12/84	
Madagascar		25/2/83	
Malawi		7/12/84	
Malaysia	x	x	
Maldives	x	x	

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Mali *		19/10/83	16/7/85
Malta	x	x	

STATES	FINAL ACT SIGNATURE	CONVENTION SIGNATURE	CONVENTION RATIFICATION
Nepal	x	x	
Netherlands	x	x	
New Zealand	x	x	
Nicaragua *		9/12/84	
Niger	x	x	

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Nigeria	x	x	14/8/86
Norway	x	x	
Oman *	x	1/7/83	17/8/89
Pakistan	x	x	

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Papua New Guinea	x	x	
Paraguay	x	x	26/9/86
Peru	x		
Philippines * **	x	x	3/5/84
Poland	x	x	

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Portugal	x	x	
Qatar *		27/11/84	
Republic of Korea	x	14/3/83	
Romania *	x	x	
Rwanda	x	x	

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Saint Kitts and Nevis		7/12/84	
Saint Lucia	x	x	27/3/85
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	x	x	
Samoa	x	28/9/84	
San Marino			

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Sao Tome and Principe *		13/7/83	3/11/97
Saudi Arabia		7/12/84	
Senegal	x	x	25/10/84
Seychelles	x	x	
Sierra Leone	x	x	

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Singapore	x	x	
Solomon Islands	x	x	
Somalia	x	x	24 July '89
South Africa *		5/12/84	
Spain *	x	4/12/84	

STATES	SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE	RATIFICATION
Sri Lanka	x	x	
Sudan *	x	x	23/1/85
Suriname	x	x	
Swaziland		18/1/84	
Switzerland	x	17/10/84	
Syrian Arab Republic			
Thailand	x	x	
Togo	x	x	16/4/85
Tonga			
Trinidad and Tobago	x	x	25/4/86
Tunisia **	x	x	24/4/85
Turkey			
Tuvalu	x	x	
Uganda	x	x	
Ukrainian SSR *	x	x	
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics *	x	x	
United Arab Emirates	x	x	
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	x		
United Republic of Tanzania **	x	x	30/9/85

OTHERS

(Art. 305 (1) (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f))

FINAL ACT  
SIGNATURE

CONVENTION  
SIGNATURE

CONVENTION  
RATIFICATION

Cook Islands	x	x	
European Economic Community *	x	7/12/84	
Namibia (United Nations Council for Namibia)	x	x	18/4/83
Niue		5/12/84	
Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands	x		
West Indies Associated States			

TOTAL STATES AND OTHERS

144

159

40

42

OTHER ENTITIES WHICH SIGNED THE FINAL ACT OF THE CONFERENCE

African National Congress of South Africa  
 Netherlands Antilles  
 Palestine Liberation Organization  
 Pan Africanist Congress of Azania  
 South West Africa People's Organization

Notes

a/ Those States which signed the Final Act and/or the Convention on 10 December 1982 are indicated by an "x". Those which signed at a later date are indicated by that date.

b/ Those States which made declarations at the time of signature of the Convention are indicated by an asterisk (\*).

c/ Those States which made declarations at the time of ratification of the Convention are indicated by a double asterisk (\*\*).

B. List of ratifications in chronological order and by regional groups

<u>Date</u>	<u>State/Entity</u>	<u>Regional group</u>
2. 7 March 1983	Zambia	African
3. 18 March 1983	Mexico	Latin Am./Carib.
4. 21 March 1983	Jamaica	Latin Am./Carib.
5. 18 April 1983	Namibia (United Nations Council for Namibia)	African
6. 7 June 1983	Ghana	African
7. 29 July 1983	Bahamas	Latin Am./Carib.
8. 13 August 1983	Belize	Latin Am./Carib.
9. 26 August 1983	Egypt	African
10. 26 March 1984	Côte d'Ivoire	African
11. 8 May 1984	Philippines	Asian
13. 15 August 1984	Cuba	Latin Am./Carib.
14. 25 October 1984	Senegal	African
15. 23 January 1985	Sudan	African
16. 27 March 1985	Saint Lucia	Latin Am./Carib.
17. 16 April 1985	Togo	African
18. 24 April 1985	Tunisia	African
19. 30 May 1985	Bahrain	Asian
20. 21 June 1985	Iceland	West European and Other States
21. 16 July 1985	Mali	African
22. 30 July 1985	Iraq	Asian
23. 6 September 1985	Guinea	African
24. 30 September 1985	United Republic of Tanzania	African
25. 19 November 1985	Cameroon	African
26. 3 February 1986	Indonesia	Asian
27. 25 April 1986	Trinidad and Tobago	Latin Am./Carib.
28. 2 May 1986	Kuwait	Asian

II. LEGAL INFORMATION RELEVANT TO THE UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION

A. Recent national legislation received from Governments

1. BULGARIA

Act of 2 July 1987 governing the access of...

[Original: French]

CHAPTER 1

GENERAL PROVISIONS

PURPOSE

ARTICLE 1. The present Act establishes the legal régime governing the

MONITORING OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE LEGAL REGIME GOVERNING THE OCEAN SPACE OF THE  
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF BULGARIA

ARTICLE 4. Monitoring of compliance with the legal régime governing the ocean space of the State shall be organized and carried out by the competent authorities pursuant to the provisions of the present Act and other regulations

CHAPTER 2

INTERNAL WATERS

SCOPE

ARTICLE 5. The internal waters of the People's Republic of Bulgaria include:

1. The waters between the coastline and the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea is measured;

2. The waters of ports, bounded on the seaward side by the line joining

other permanent port facilities;

3. The waters of:

(a) Varna Bay between the coastline and the straight line linking the cape of St. Konstantin to the cape of Ilandjik;

(b) Burgas Bay between the coastline and the straight line linking the cape of Emine to the cape of Maslen Nos;

VISIT BY A FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SHIP OPERATED FOR NON-COMMERCIAL PURPOSES

ARTICLE 8. A foreign government ship operated for non-commercial purposes may enter the internal waters and may visit the open ports and roadsteads with the authorization of the Council of Ministers or a body to which it has delegated authority; such authorization shall be requested at

VISIT BY A FOREIGN NUCLEAR-POWERED SHIP

ARTICLE 9. (1) A foreign nuclear-powered ship may enter the internal waters and may visit the open ports and roadsteads in accordance with the provisions of article 7.

(2) Before the ship enters the port area, the competent authorities



2. When a ship is damaged, or in order to avoid a storm at sea or other accident, In such instances, the captain of the ship shall be required to

harbour-master of the nearest port, and to execute his orders.

#### EXEMPTION FROM TAXES

ARTICLE 12. Foreign warships and the ships referred to in article 11, paragraph 1, shall be exempt from taxes while visiting ports, but shall, as

#### USE OF RADIO EQUIPMENT

ARTICLE 13. (1) Foreign ships shall be permitted to use radio equipment

DELIMITATION OF THE TERRITORIAL SEA OF BORDERING STATES

ARTICLE 17. The territorial sea of the People's Republic of Bulgaria shall be delimited from the territorial sea of bordering States by the parallel passing through the point where the land frontier meets the sea.

NATIONAL MARITIME FRONTIER

ARTICLE 18. The external and lateral limits of the territorial sea shall constitute the national frontier of the People's Republic of Bulgaria.

RIGHT OF INNOCENT PASSAGE

ARTICLE 19. (1) Ships of all States shall enjoy the right of innocent

6. The launching, landing or taking on board of any military device;
7. The loading or unloading of any commodity, currency or persons contrary to customs, fiscal, sanitary or immigration regulations;

9. Any fishing activities;
10. Any exploratory or survey activities;
11. Any activity that might interfere with any systems of communication or any other radio equipment or installations of the People's Republic of Bulgaria;
12. Any other activity not having a direct bearing on passage of the ship.

#### EXEMPTION FROM CHARGES RELATING TO PASSAGE

ARTICLE 21. Foreign ships shall be exempt from any charges relating to their passage through the territorial sea save in the case of payment for services rendered to the ship.

#### SUSPENSION OF INNOCENT PASSAGE

ARTICLE 22. In the interest of the security of the People's Republic of Bulgaria, including weapons exercises, the Ministry of National Defence, in co-ordination with the Ministry of Transport and the Ministry of the Interior, may temporarily suspend innocent passage in certain areas of the territorial sea and prohibit navigation in areas of the internal waters. These measures shall be duly published in the bulletin "Notice to Mariners".

#### OBLIGATIONS OF FOREIGN SHIPS

3. Maintain their fishing gear in working order

4. Transmit sound or light signals other than those established

5. Take photographs, samples or measurements in coastal zones and ports;
6. Be run aground or scuttled deliberately;
7. Carry out activities capable of breaking or injuring cables and pipelines that have been laid or other installations and equipment related to navigation and the exploitation of marine resources.

OBLIGATIONS OF FOREIGN NUCLEAR-POWERED SHIPS AND  
SHIPS CARRYING DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES

ARTICLE 24. Foreign nuclear-powered ships and ships carrying nuclear, radioactive, toxic or other dangerous substances shall, when passing through the territorial sea, carry the necessary documents and observe the following

PROTECTION OF THE NATIONAL MARITIME FRONTIER

ARTICLE 29. (1) Protection of the national maritime frontier and the monitoring of compliance with the régime governing the frontier in the territorial sea and internal waters shall be carried out by the services of the Ministry of the Interior.

(2) The régime governing navigation in internal waters and the

(2) A foreign non-military ship passing through the territorial sea may not be stopped or diverted for the purpose of

(3) Execution may be levied on the ship arrested in the case of

NOTIFICATION OF A DIPLOMATIC AGENT

ARTICLE 34. The competent services of the People's Republic of Bulgaria shall notify a diplomatic agent or consular officer of the flag State, if the master so requests, of the initiation of criminal proceedings under the circumstances set out in article 2, paragraph 1, as well as when the investigation is opened under the terms of the preceding article at the request of the master of the ship.

OPERATED FOR NON-COMMERCIAL PURPOSES

ARTICLE 35. Foreign warships or other government ships operated for non-commercial purposes which, lying in the internal waters or in the territorial sea, violate this Act or another normative instrument and

disregard all other established rules, shall be required to leave the internal waters and the territorial sea immediately.

CHAPTER 5

CONTINENTAL SHELF

SCOPE

ARTICLE 40. The continental shelf of the People's Republic of Bulgaria shall comprise the sea-bed and subsoil of the marine area that constitute a natural prolongation of its land territory and extend beyond the territorial sea to the limits established by the continental shelf of other States with

ARTICLE 41. The external limits of the continental shelf shall be established by an agreement between States with adjacent or opposite coasts on the Black Sea on the basis of international law.



(2) The delineation of the course for the laying of such cables and pipelines shall be determined by an agreement between the People's Republic of Bulgaria and the State concerned.

MEASURES WITH RESPECT TO VIOLATIONS ON THE CONTINENTAL SHELF

ARTICLE 45. (1) When it is reported that a foreign non-military ship  
within the limits of the continental shelf has violated or intends to

(c) The protection of the marine environment;

3. Other rights which are provided for in the international

RIGHTS OF OTHER STATES

ARTICLE 49. In the exclusive economic zone all States have

SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH CONDUCTED BY FOREIGN NATIONALS AND AGENCIES  
IN INTERNAL WATERS AND THE TERRITORIAL SEA

ARTICLE 54. Foreign nationals and agencies may conduct scientific research and exploration only with the authorization of the Council of

SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH CONDUCTED BY FOREIGN NATIONALS AND AGENCIES  
ON THE CONTINENTAL SHELF AND IN THE EXCLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE

ARTICLE 55. (1) Foreign nationals and agencies may conduct scientific research and exploration on the continental shelf and in the exclusive economic zone with the authorization of the Council of Ministers. Such research shall be authorized provided that it is intended exclusively for

2 To info...

4. Unless otherwise agreed, to dismantle and remove within a reasonable period the equipment utilized for the scientific research activities.

(2) The bodies referred to in the preceding paragraph may, if necessary, request the collaboration of the services of the Ministry of the Interior and the Ministry of Defence.

ENVIRONMENT OF ANOTHER STATE

ARTICLE 60. (1) In the event of serious pollution of the marine  
environment of another State, the People's Republic of Bulgaria shall provide legal assistance at the request of that other State by undertaking interrogations

of another State, the People's Republic of Bulgaria shall provide legal assistance at the request of that other State by undertaking interrogations

CHAPTER 9

SAFETY AT SEA

~~SFA LINES AND TRAFFIC SEPARATION SCHEMES~~

ARTICLE 65. In the interest of safety of navigation and in accordance with national security regulations and generally accepted international regulations, the Council of Ministers shall establish the régime governing the designation, substitution or cancellation of traffic separation schemes, recommended navigational lanes, recommended

NOTIFICATION OF CHANGES IN NAVIGATIONAL CONDITIONS

*[The following text is almost entirely obscured by heavy horizontal black redaction bars.]*

*[Faintly visible text at the top of the page:]* ... in internal waters

ESCORT INTO A BULGARIAN PORT

ARTICLE 73. In accordance with the provisions of this chapter, the ship arrested may be escorted into the nearest Bulgarian port for the purposes of an inquiry.

COMPENSATION FOR DAMAGE

ARTICLE 74. Where a foreign non-military ship has

CHAPTER 11

ADMINISTRATIVE AND PENAL PROVISIONS;  
MONETARY PENALTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE SCUTTLING OR  
ABANDONMENT OF VESSELS

ARTICLE 75. (1) The master of a foreign non-military vessel who scuttles or abandons a vessel in the territorial sea or in internal waters shall be



1. Enters into a closed port or roadstead;
2. Keeps a submarine submerged in internal waters or the territorial sea;
3. Orders or permits a violation of the provisions of article 13 and article 20, subparagraphs 5, 6 and 11;

Article 10 paragraph 2.

(2) The penalty provided for in the preceding paragraph shall be imposed on any person conducting scientific research or activities of exploration in the ocean space of the People's Republic of Bulgaria without due authorization

(6) A ruling imposing an administrative penalty consisting of a fine or of compensation exceeding 20,000 leva may be appealed before the appropriate departmental tribunal. In such a case, the decision of the departmental tribunal is, in turn, subject to appeal before the Supreme Court within a time-limit of one year from the date on which it was handed down. The Supreme Court shall also rule on any proposal to review the case.

APPLICATION OF GENERAL LEGISLATION

ARTICLE 80. The official recording of violations, the handing down of rulings, the apportionment of monetary compensation for damage caused, the appeal of rulings and the

present Act.

INTERIM PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES

ARTICLE 81. (1) A foreign non-military vessel, regardless of its legal ownership, may be arrested at the time an official report is drawn up

3. "Non-military ship" means any ship other than those referred to in subparagraphs (1) and (2);

4. "Submarine" means a ship intended to navigate under water;

5. "Nuclear-powered ship" means a ship as referred to in subparagraphs (2), (3) and (4) which is equipped with nuclear-powered devices;

6. "Nuclear-powered warship" means a ship as referred to in subparagraph (1) which is equipped with nuclear-powered devices or nuclear weapons.

(3) For the purposes of this Act:

~~"Port" means a coastal zone with a contiguous area of water,~~

This Act has been adopted by the ninth National Assembly at the second meeting of its fifth session, held on 8 July 1987, and it has been sealed with the State seal.

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2. GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

Decree on foreign marine scientific research in the territorial  
sea, on the continental shelf and in the fishery zone of the  
German Democratic Republic  
Marine Research Decree of 23 March 1989\*

[Original: English]

In order to promote the conduct of marine scientific research for peaceful purposes in accordance with the principle of respect for sovereignty and jurisdiction and on the basis of mutual benefit, the following Decree is issued, in conformity with the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982, on the basis of article 6 of the Law on the Exploration,

scientific research projects to be carried out by other States, their natural or juridical persons or by international organizations in the territorial sea, consent shall be granted only in exceptional cases and on the basis of reciprocity.

Article 4

Marine scientific research on the continental shelf

(1) The competent government authorities of the German Democratic Republic shall, in normal circumstances, grant their consent to marine scientific research projects on the continental shelf or in the fishery zone if these projects serve exclusively peaceful purposes and the enlargement of

(f) The schedule for the conduct of the project, including the expected date of first appearance and final departure of the water craft, the dates of ~~the first appearance and dates of deployment and removal of equipment:~~

(g) The name of the sponsoring institution, its director, and the person in charge of the project; and

(h) The extent to which the German Democratic Republic should be able to participate or to be represented in the project.

#### Article 6

##### Duty to comply with certain conditions

States, their natural or juridical persons and international organizations are obliged:

(a) To ensure participation by representatives of the German Democratic Republic, if it so desires, in the marine scientific research project, especially on board the water craft, when practicable, without obligation of the German Democratic Republic to contribute to the costs;

(b) To provide the competent government authorities and institutions of the German Democratic Republic, at their request and free of charge:

- with preliminary reports, as soon as practicable, and with the final results and conclusions after the completion of the research,

- with access to all data and samples derived from marine scientific research projects and to furnish them with data which may be copied and samples which may be divided without detriment to their scientific value,

- with an assessment of such data and samples and of the research results;

(c) To inform the competent government authorities of the German Democratic Republic immediately of any major change in the research programme;

(d) Not to interfere unjustifiably with other legitimate uses of the sea in the conduct of the project; and

~~(e) Unless otherwise agreed to remove the marine scientific research~~

Article 8

Decisions on administrative penalties

(1) A person who, in the territorial sea, on the continental shelf or in the fishery zone of the German Democratic Republic, intentionally or negligently:

(a) Conducts marine scientific research without the prior consent of the competent government authorities (article 2, paragraph 1);

(b) Conducts marine scientific research which is not consistent with the data transmitted in the application (article 6, subparagraph c); or

(c) Interferes unjustifiably in the conduct of marine scientific

of up to 500 marks if



Final provisions

Article 9

The necessary regulations for the implementation of this Decree shall be issued by the Minister of Geology or the Minister of County-Controlled and Food Industries, as appropriate, in agreement with the heads of the competent central government authorities.

Article 10

This Decree shall enter into force on 1 July 1989.

Berlin, 23 March 1989.

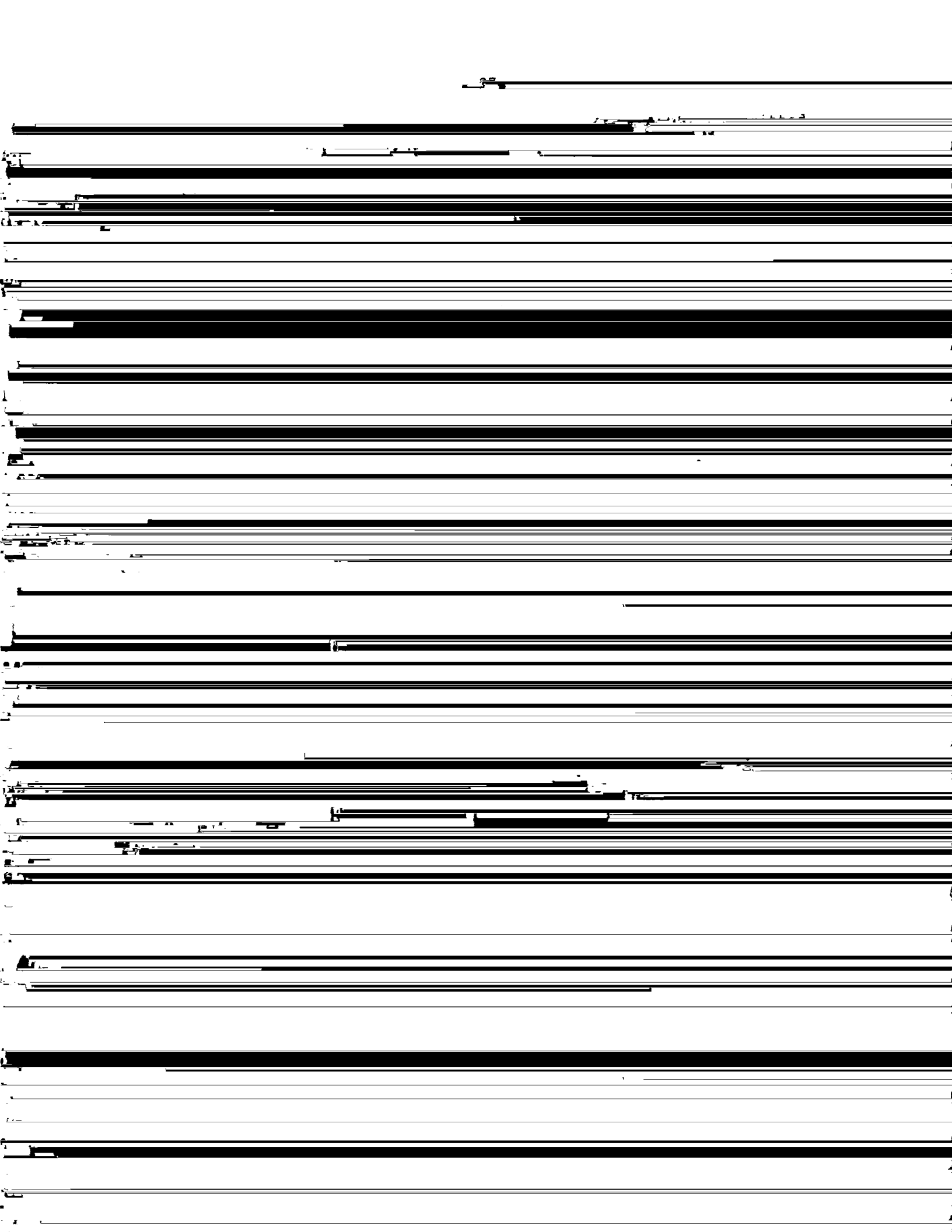
3. MAURITANIA

Ordinance 88-120 of 31 August 1988 establishing the limits and the legal régime of the territorial sea, the contiguous zone, the exclusive economic zone and the continental shelf

[Original: French]

THE MILITARY COMMITTEE FOR NATIONAL SALVATION HAS DELIBERATED AND ADOPTS.

MEMORANDUM OF THE MILITARY COMMITTEE FOR NATIONAL SALVATION, HEAD OF



4. UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

Territorial Sea and Exclusive Economic Zone Act, 1989\*

[Original: English]

An Act to establish the territorial sea and to establish  
an exclusive economic zone, of the United Republic  
adjacent to the territorial sea, and in the exercise of

provisions for the exploration and exploitation,

conservation and management of the resources of the  
sea and for matters connected with those purposes

ENACTED by the Parliament of the United Republic of Tanzania.

PART I

PRELIMINARY

Short title and commencement

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the Territorial Sea and Exclusive Economic Zone Act, 1989, and shall come into operation on such date as the Minister may, by notice in the Gazette, appoint.

(2) This Act shall extend to Zanzibar.

Interpretation

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Exclusive Economic Zone" means the marine zone described under section 7 of this Act;

"Law of the Sea Convention" means the Law of the Sea Convention of 1982 which is attached as a schedule to this Act, and whose provisions this Act seeks to implement;

"a marine authorized officer" means an authorized officer mentioned under section 13;

PART II

TERRITORIAL SEA

The Territorial Sea

3. (1) There is established a marine zone to be known as the Territorial Sea.

(2) The breadth of the Territorial Sea of the United Republic shall comprise those areas of the sea extending up to 12 nautical miles measured from the coastal low-water line as determined under section 5 of this Act.

Internal Waters

4. The internal waters of the United Republic of Tanzania include any areas of the sea that are on the landward side of the baseline of the Territorial Sea of the United Republic.

5. The baseline from which the breadth of the Territorial Sea of the United Republic is measured shall be the low-water line along the coast of the United Republic including the coast of all islands, as marked on a large-scale chart or map officially recognized by the Government of the United Republic.

6. The sea-bed and subsoil of submarine areas bounded on the landward side by the low-water line along the coast of Tanzania and on the seaward side by the outer limits of the Territorial Sea of the United Republic shall be

(4) The median line is a line every point of which is equidistant from the nearest points of the baseline of the territorial waters, on the one hand, and the corresponding baselines of the territorial waters of any adjacent or opposite State as recognized by the Minister, on the other hand.

Making boundary lines of Zone on charts or maps

8. (1) The Minister shall cause the boundary lines of the Zone to be marked on a sealed map or chart, and that map or that chart shall be judicially noticed.

(2) The Director of Land Surveying in the Ministry responsible for lands shall keep safe custody of the map or chart referred to in subsection (1), and anybody may at any reasonable time inspect that map or chart, or purchase a certified copy thereof.

Rights in, and jurisdiction over, the Zone

(e) Carry out any economic activity.

(2) This section shall not apply to fishing by a citizen of the United Republic in or from a vessel registered in the United Republic.

(a) A government vessel or structure that is at sea or in port; or

(b) A foreign vessel or foreign structure that he reasonably suspects of being used in connection with fishing or any other activity carried on in contravention of this Act or the regulations.

(2) In the performance of his duties under this section, an authorized officer may:

(a) Reasonably call on any person to assist him;

(b) Use such forces as are reasonably necessary;

for the purpose of facilitating the performance of those duties;

(d) Order that any vessel or structure be stopped;

(e) Board any vessel;

(f) Search or examine any vessel or structure or any fish equipment or thing on board thereof;

(g) Require any person on board a vessel or structure to produce any



(2) All moneys resulting from a sale of fish under subsection (1) shall be paid into the Consolidated Fund.

(3) An authorized officer who makes a sale of fish under subsection (1) shall give to the person from whom he seizes the fish a receipt containing:

- (a) The date of the sale;
- (b) The quantity of fish;
- (c) The amount realized by the sale.

and the receipt shall be signed by the officer.

(4) Where a court dismisses a charge against a person brought before it under section 14, it shall, in any case where the fish is the possession of

that person was sold, order compensation not exceeding the net amount realized by the sale to be paid to that person.

(5) Compensation payable under subsection (4) shall be charged on and

Exemption from liability

16. No liability shall be borne by an authorized officer of the United

(f) Contravenes any provision of this Act for which no penalty is provided or the regulation,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not less than U.S. dollars one hundred thousand or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or to both such fine and imprisonment and, in addition, the court may order the forfeiture of any vessel, structure, equipment, device or thing in connection with which the offence was committed.

#### Return of property seized

18. Subject to the provision of section 15, a court may order that property seized under subsection (3) of section 14 be returned to the person from whom it was taken or to a person named by that person where:

(a) The court dismisses a charge brought against that person under this Act or the regulations, and it is of the opinion that the property can be returned consistently with the interest of justice; or

(b) No charge has been brought against any person within a reasonable time after a seizure has been effected under that subsection.

#### Regulations

19. The Minister may, after consultation with the Minister responsible for the administration of the relevant laws applicable in the Mainland ~~and the Territory, make regulations generally for carrying into effect the~~

provisions of this Act, and in particular respecting:

- (a) Any activity relating to the exploration or exploitation of the Zone;
- (b) Any activity relating to the economic exploration or exploitation of the Zone;
- (c) The authorization, control and regulation of scientific research in the Zone;
- (d) The safety and protection of structures or devices in the Zone;
- (e) The preservation of the marine environment of the United Republic and the prevention and control of pollution thereto;
- (f) The regulation of the conduct of any person in or upon the Zone;
- (g) The conservation measures to protect the living resources of the sea.

B. Treaties

1. Agreement between the Government of the French Republic and

Northern Ireland relating to the delimitation of the  
territorial sea in the Straits of Dover, 2 November 1988

The Government of the French Republic and the Government of the United  
Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland;

Considering that the boundary delimiting the parts of the continental  
shelf appertaining to France and the United Kingdom, respectively, in the area

These boundaries are composed of isodromes joining:

b) points VI, 12, 13 and 14,  
as defined by the Agreement of 24 June 1982 and by this Agreement.

Article 3

Each Contracting Party shall notify the other of the completion of the



2. Agreement between the Government of the United Kingdom  
of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Government

of the Republic of Ireland concerning the delimitation of

areas of the continental shelf between the two countries,  
7 November 1988

Ireland and the Government of the Republic of Ireland,

Wishing to open up further opportunities for their respective offshore

Article 4

CONTINENTAL MARGIN

Nothing in this Agreement affects the position of either Government concerning the location of the outer edge of its continental margin.

Article 5

ENTRY INTO FORCE

the date on which the

SCHEDULE A

<i>Position</i>	<i>Latitude</i>	<i>Longitude</i>
1	53° 39'.00N	5° 17'.00W
2	53° 32'.00N	5° 17'.00W
3	53° 32'.00N	5° 19'.00W
4	53° 26'.00N	5° 19'.00W
5	53° 26'.00N	5° 20'.00W
6	53° 09'.00N	5° 20'.00W
7	53° 09'.00N	5° 19'.00W
8	52° 59'.00N	5° 19'.00W
9	52° 59'.00N	5° 22'.50W
10	52° 52'.00N	5° 24'.50W

11	52° 52'.00N	5° 24'.50W
12	52° 44'.00N	5° 24'.50W
13	52° 44'.00N	5° 28'.00W
14	52° 32'.00N	5° 28'.00W
15	52° 24'.00N	5° 22'.80W

16	52° 24'.00N	5° 22'.80W
17	52° 24'.00N	5° 35'.00W
18	52° 16'.00N	5° 35'.00W
19	52° 16'.00N	5° 39'.00W
20	52° 12'.00N	5° 39'.00W
21	52° 08'.00N	5° 42'.00W

22	52° 08'.00N	5° 42'.00W
23	52° 08'.00N	5° 46'.00W
24	52° 04'.00N	5° 46'.00W
25	52° 04'.00N	5° 50'.00W
26	52° 00'.00N	5° 50'.00W
27	52° 00'.00N	5° 54'.00W
28	51° 58'.00N	5° 54'.00W
29	51° 58'.00N	5° 57'.00W
30	51° 54'.00N	5° 57'.00W
31	51° 54'.00N	6° 00'.00W

33	51° 50'.00N	6° 06'.00W
34	51° 40'.00N	6° 06'.00W



<i>Position</i>	<i>Latitude</i>	<i>Longitude</i>
57	49° 50'.00N	8° 45'.00W
58	49° 40'.00N	8° 45'.00W
59	49° 40'.00N	8° 54'.00W
60	49° 30'.00N	8° 54'.00W
61	49° 30'.00N	9° 03'.00W
62	49° 20'.00N	9° 03'.00W
63	49° 20'.00N	9° 12'.00W

**SCHEDULE B**

<i>Position</i>	<i>Latitude</i>	<i>Longitude</i>
95	55° 28'.00N	6° 45'.00W
96	55° 28'.00N	6° 48'.00W
97	55° 30'.00N	6° 48'.00W
98	55° 30'.00N	6° 51'.00W
99	55° 35'.00N	6° 51'.00W
100	55° 35'.00N	6° 57'.00W
101	55° 40'.00N	

