

## AGENCY FOR THE PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN

## Secretariat

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Contribution of the Agency for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (OPANAL) to the report of the Secretary-General on oceans and the law of the sea, pursuant to United Nations General Assembly resolution 72/73 of 5 December 2017<sup>1</sup>

## I - Introduction

1. The Agency for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (OPANAL), created by article 7 of the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco)<sup>2</sup>, presents its contribution to the report of the United Nations Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 358 of resolution 72/73.

## II - The Treaty of Tlatelolco and its zone of application

2. The Treaty of Tlatelolco and its Additional Protocols I and II were

- b. The receipt, storage, installation, deployment and any form of possession of any nuclear weapons, directly or indirectly, or in any way participating in the testing, use, manufacture, production, possession or control of any nuclear weapons.
- 3. The States Party to Additional Protocols I and II undertake to respect the denuclearization regime contained in article 1 of the Treaty of Tlatelolco. The commitments undertaken by the States Party to the Additional Protocols to the Treaty are explained in part III of this document.
- 4. In its article 4, the Treaty of Tlatelolco describes its article defines

. Paragraph 1 of said r which the Treaty is in

, as defined in article 3, includes

14.

17. The States Party to the Treaty of Tlatelolco are waiting for