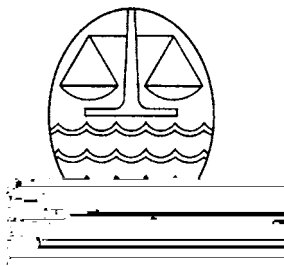


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# **Law of the Sea Information Circular**



**LOSIC No. 15**

**March 2002**

**Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea  
Office of Legal Affairs**

**United Nations • New York**

**IF ANY INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS LAW OF THE SEA INFORMATION CIRCULAR**

## **FOREWORD**

This is the fifteenth issue of the Law of the Sea Information Circular (LOSIC), a periodic publication of the Division for Ocean Affairs an

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














<b>State or entity</b>	<b>United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea</b> (in force as from 16 November 1994)	<b>Agreement relating to the implementation of Part XI of the Convention</b> (in force as from 28 July 1996)	<b>Agreement for the implementation of the provisions of the Convention relating to the conservation and management of straddling fish stocks and highly migratory fish stocks</b> (in force as from 11 December 2001)
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*Italicized text* indicates non-members of the United Nations;

**Shaded row** indicates

United Nations Convention on  
the Law of the Sea




State or entity

State or entity	United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (in force as from 16 November 1994)		Agreement relating to the implementation of Part XI of the Convention (in force as from 28 July 1996)		Agreement for the implementation of the provisions of the Convention relating to the conservation and management of straddling fish stocks and highly migratory fish stocks (in force as from 11 December 2001)	
	Signature  (☐ - declaration)	Ratification; formal confirmation(fc); accession(a); succession(s); (☐ - declaration)	Signature 	Ratification; formal confirmation(fc); accession(a); definitive signature(ds); participation(p); <sup>1</sup> simplified procedure (sp); <sup>2</sup>	Signature  (☐ - declaration or statement)	Ratification; accession(a) <sup>3</sup> (☐ - declaration)
Iraq	☐	30 July 1985				
Ireland		☐21 June 1996		21 June 1996		
Israel						
Italy	☐	☐13 January 1995		13 January 1995		4
Jamaica		21 March 1983		28 July 1995 (sp)		
Japan		20 June 1996		20 June 1996		
Jordan		27 November 1995 (a)		27 November 1995 (p)		
Kazakhstan						

State or entity

United Nations Convention on  
the Law of the Sea  
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Agreement relating to the implementation of  
Part XI of the Convention  
(in force as from 28 July 1996)

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<p><i>Italicized text</i> indicates non-members of the United Nations;</p> <p><b>Shaded row</b> indicates landlocked States</p>	<p>Signature  (☐ - declaration)</p> <p>Ratification; formal confirmation(fc); accession(a); succession(s); (☐ - declaration)</p>	<p>Signature </p> <p>Ratification; formal confirmation(fc); accession(a); definitive signature(ds); participation(p);<sup>1</sup> simplified procedure (sp);<sup>2</sup></p>	<p>Signature  (☐ - dec -ec289f6ure)</p>



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Agreement for the implementation of the provisions of  
the Convention relating to the conservation and  
management of straddling fish stocks and highly  
migratory fish stocks  
(in force as from 11 December 2001)

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Part XI of the Convention  
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*Article 298*  
*Optional exceptions to applicability of section 2*

1. When signing, ratifying or acceding to this Convention or at any time thereafter, a State may, without prejudice to the obligations arising under section 1, declare in writing that it does not accept any one or more of the procedures provided for in section 2 with respect to one or more of the following categories of disputes:

(a) (i) disputes concerning the interpretation or application of articles 15, 74 and 83 relating to sea boundary delimitations, or those involving historic bays or titles, provided that a State having made such a declaration shall, when such a dispute arises subsequent to the entry into force of this Convention and where no agreement within a reasonable period of time is reached in negotiations between the parties, at the request of any party to the dispute, accept submission of the matter to conciliation under Annex V, section 2; and provided further that any dispute that necessarily involves the concurrent consideration of any unsettled dispute concerning sovereignty or other rights over continental or insular land territory shall be excluded from such submission;

(ii) after the conciliation commission has presented its report, which shall state the reasons on which it is based, the parties shall negotiate an agreement on the basis of that report; if these negotiations do not result in an agreement, the parties shall, by mutual consent, submit the question to one of the procedures provided for in section 2, unless the parties otherwise agree;

(iii) this subparagraph does not apply to any sea boundary dispute finally settled by an arrangement between the parties, or to any such dispute which is to be settled in accordance with a bilateral or multilateral agreement binding upon those parties;

(b) disputes concerning military activities, including military activities by government vessels and aircraft engaged in non-commercial service, and disputes concerning law enforcement activities in regard to the exercise of sovereign rights or jurisdiction excluded from the jurisdiction of a court or tribunal under article 297, paragraph 2 or 3;

(c) disputes in respect of which the Security Council of the United Nations is exercising the functions assigned to it by the Charter of the United Nations, unless the Security Council decides to remove the matter from its agenda or calls upon the parties to settle it by the means provided for in this Convention.

State	Choice of procedure Declarations under article 287 (numbers indicate the order of preference) <sup>1</sup>				Optional exceptions to applicability of Part XV, Section 2, of the Convention (Declarations under article 298)
	International Tribunal for the Law or the Sea	International Court of Justice (ICJ)	An arbitral tribunal constituted in accordance with Annex VII	A special arbitral tribunal constituted in accordance with Annex VIII	Declarations indicating that the State does not accept any one or more of the procedures provided for Part XV, Section 2 (compulsory procedures entailing binding decisions) with respect to one or more of the following categories of disputes:
Algeria	-	Algeria accepts the ICJ jurisdiction only with a prior agreement between the parties concerned in each case;	-	-	---
Argentina	1	-	-	2	Disputes specified in article 298, paragraph 1 (a), (b) and (c), of the Convention;
Australia	1	1			Disputes referred to in article 298, paragraph 1 (a), of the Convention;
Austria	1	3	-	2	---
Belgium	1	1	-	-	---
Cape Verde	1	2	-	-	Disputes referred to in article 298, paragraph 1 (b), of the Convention;
Chile	1	-	-	2	Disputes referred to in article 298, paragraph 1 (a), (b) and (c) of the Convention;
Croatia	1	2	-	-	---
Cuba	-	Cuba rejects the ICJ jurisdiction for any types of disputes	-	-	





Choice of procedure  
Declarations under article 287 (numbers indicate the order of preference) <sup>1</sup>





State	Choice of procedure under article 30 of the Agreement (numbers indicate the order of preference) <sup>2</sup>				Optional exceptions to applicability of Part XV of the Convention invoked under article 30 of the Agreement
	International Tribunal for the Law or the Sea	International Court of Justice (ICJ)	An arbitral tribunal constituted in accordance with Annex VII	A special arbitral tribunal constituted in accordance with Annex VIII	Declarations indicating that the State does not accept any one or more of the procedures provided for Part XV, Section 2 (compulsory procedures entailing binding decisions) with respect to one or more of the following categories of disputes:
Canada	-	-	1	-	Disputes referred to in article 298, paragraph 1, of the Convention
Norway	No declaration regarding the choice of procedure was made				Does not accept an arbitral tribunal constituted in accordance with Annex VII of the Convention for disputes concerning law enforcement activities in regard to the exercise of sovereign rights or jurisdiction excluded from the jurisdiction of a court or tribunal under article 297, paragraph 3, of the Convention, in the event that such disputes might be considered to be covered by the Agreement
United States of America	-	-	-	1	---

<sup>2</sup> If number 1 appears for more than one procedure, no order of preference has been specified. The full texts of the declarations can be consulted on the United Nations web site at [www.un.org/Depts/los/](http://www.un.org/Depts/los/).

B. Resolutions adopted by the General Assembly

1. Resolution 56/12: Oceans and the law of the sea

*The General Assembly,*

*Recalling* its resolutions 49/28 of 6 December 1994, 52/26 of 26 November 1997, 54/33 of 24 November 1999, 55/7 of 30 October 2000 and other relevant resolutions adopted subsequent to the entry into force of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (“the Convention”)<sup>1</sup> on 16 November 1994,

*Recalling also* its resolution 2749 (XXV) of 17 December 1970, and considering that the Convention, together with the Agreement relating to the Implementation of Part XI of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 (“the Agreement”),<sup>2</sup> provides the regime to be applied to the Area and its resources as defined in the Convention,

*Emphasizing* the universal and unified character of the Convention and its fundamental importance for the maintenance and strengthening of international peace and security, as well as for the sustainable development of the oceansh of

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*Bearing in mind* the contribution that major groups, as identified in Agenda 21, can make to raising awareness of the goal of the sustainable development of the oceans and seas,

*Underlining once again* the essential need for capacity-building to ensure that all States, especially developing countries, in particular least developed countries and small island developing States, are able both to implement the Convention and to benefit from the sustainable development of the oceans and seas, as well as to participate fully in global and regional forums and processes dealing with oceans and law of the sea issues,

*Taking note* of the report of the Secretary-General,<sup>4</sup> and reaffirming the importance of the annual consideration and review of developments relating to ocean affairs and the law of the sea by the General Assembly as the global institution having the competence to undertake such a review,

*Taking note also* of the report on the work of the United Nations Open-ended Informal Consultative Process (“the Consultative Process”) established by the General Assembly in its resolution 54/33 in order to facilitate the annual review by the Assembly of developments in ocean affairs at its second meeting,<sup>5</sup>

*Bearing in mind* that marine science, by improving knowledge, through sustained research efforts and the evaluation of monitoring results, and applying such knowledge to management and decision-making, is important for eradicating poverty, contributing to food security, conserving the world’s marine environment and resources, helping to understand, predict, mitigate the effects of and respond to natural events, and promoting the sustainable development of the oceans and seas,

*Reaffirming* the need to achieve the effective application of marine scientific knowledge and

technology, through cooperation at the regional and global levels, by ensuring access of decision makers to relevant advice and informatio8m.2(v)6.8r.6(m)( a)-p8.8(t)J

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<sup>4</sup> A/56/58 and Add.1.

<sup>5</sup> See A/56/121.







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22. *Calls upon* States, through national and regional institutions, to ensure that, in respect of marine scientific research conducted pursuant to Part XIII of the Convention in areas over which a coastal State has jurisdiction, the rights of the coastal State under the Convention are respected and that, at the request of the coastal State, information, reports, results, conclusions and assessments of data, samples and research results are made available, and access to data and samples are provided, to that coastal State;

23. *Invites* the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization to request its Advisory Body of Experts on the Law of the Sea to work, in close cooperation with the Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea of the Office of Legal Affairs of the Secretariat and in consultation with relevant regional or subregional organizations as appropriate, on the development of procedures under Part XIII of the Convention;

24. *Invites* the relevant United Nations agencies to continue to promote various ocean science programmes, strengthen the coordination among such programmes and develop rules, regulations and procedures within the framework of the Convention so as to facilitate the effective implementation of the programmes;

25. *Urges* relevant bodies of the United Nations system to develop, with the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission acting as a focal point, appropriate interactions in the field of marine science with regional fisheries organizations, environmental and scientific bodies or regional centres foreseen by Part XIV of the Convention, and encourages States to establish, where appropriate, such regional centres;

26. *Calls upon* States, through national and regional institutions engaged in marine scientific research, to ensure that the knowledge resulting from marine scientific research and monitoring is made available in a user-friendly data format, especially to developing countries, so that it can be employed by decision makers and resource managers with a view to the effective application of marine research knowledge and technology;

27. *Stresses* the importance of increasing the scientific understanding of the oceans/atmosphere interface and other factors required for an integrated ecosystem-based approach to the management of oceans and coastal areas, including through participation in ocean observing programmes and geographic information systems;

28. *Calls upon* States, through bilateral, regional and international financial organizations and technical partnerships, to continue to strengthen capacity-building activities, in

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Protocol,<sup>13</sup> and to ensure its effective implementation, in particular through the adoption of legislation, where appropriate, aimed at ensuring that there is a proper framework for responses to incidents of armed robbery at sea;

**X. Safety of navigation**





Process organize its discussions around the following areas:

(a) Protection and preservation of the marine environment;

(b) Capacity-building, regional cooperation and coordination, and integrated ocean management, as important cross-cutting issues to add-t1(m)6.1638(y)9.3(;.601 o-TJT\*8 T5(NS )TJT )-12.1

the twentieth anniversary of the opening for signature of the Convention, and encourages Member States and observers to be represented at the highest possible level;

54. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its fifty-seventh session on the implementation of the present resolution, including other developments and issues relating to ocean affairs and the law of the sea, in connection with his annual comprehensive report on oceans and the law of the sea, and to provide the report in accordance with the modalities set out in resolution 54/33;

55. *Decides* to include in the provisional agenda of its fifty-seventh session the item entitled "Oceans and the law of the sea".

*67th plenary meeting  
28 November 2001*

2. Resolution 56/13: Agreement for the Implementation of the Provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the Conservation and Management of Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks

(“the Compliance Agreement”)<sup>3</sup> and the Code of Conduct for Responsible Fisheries of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations<sup>4</sup> for flag States to exercise effective control over fishing vessels flying their flag and vessels flying their flag which provide support to

*The General Assembly,*

*Recalling* the relevant provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (“the Convention”),<sup>1</sup> including Part VII, section 2,

*Recognizing* that, in accordance with the Convention, the Agreement for the Implementation of the Provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the Conservation and Management of Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks (“the Agreement”)<sup>2</sup> sets forth provisions concerning the conservation and management of straddling fish stocks and highly migratory fish stocks, including provisions on subregional and regional cooperation in enforcement, binding dispute settlement and the rights and obligations of States in authorizing the use of vessels flying their flags for fishing on the high seas,

*Recognizing also* the duty provided in the Agreement and reiterated as a principle in the Agreement to Promote Compliance with International Conservation and Management Measures by Fishing Vessels on the High Seas

<sup>1</sup> See *The Law of the Sea: Official Texts of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 and of the Agreement relating to the Implementation of Part XI of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 with Index and Excerpts from the Final Act of the Third United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.97.V.10).

<sup>2</sup> *International Fisheries Instruments with Index* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.98.V.11), sect. I; see also A/CONF.164/37.

appropriate subregional or regional fisheries management organizations or arrangements, taking into account the specific characteristics of the subregion or region, to ensure the effective conservation, management and long-term sustainability of such stocks, and to establish such organizations or arrangements where none exist,

*Recognizing* the importance of the Agreement for the conservation and management of straddling fish stocks and highly migratory fish stocks and the need for the regular consideration by the General Assembly and review by the parties to the Agreement pursuant to the provisions of the Agreement, once in force, of developments relating thereto,

*Welcoming* the conclusion of negotiations, and the commencement of preparatory work, to establish new regional instruments, arrangements and organizations in several heretofore unmanaged fisheries, and noting the role of the Convention and the Agreement in the elaboration of these instruments, arrangements and organizations,

*Welcoming also*

*Recalling* that the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations in 1999 adopted international plans of action for the management of fishing capacity, for reducing the incidental catch of seabirds in longline fisheries and for the conservation and management of sharks,

*Noting* the importance of the wide application of the precautionary approach to the conservation, management and exploitation of straddling fish stocks and highly migratory fish stocks, in accordance with the Agreement,

*Noting also* the importance of implementing the principles elaborated in article 5 of the Agreement, including ecosystem considerations, in the conservation and management of straddling fish stocks and highly migratory fish stocks,

*Noting further* the Reykjavik Declaration on Responsible Fisheries in the Marine Ecosystem, adopted on 4 October 2001,<sup>6</sup>

*Welcoming* the report of the Secretary-General on recent developments and the current status of the Agreement,<sup>7</sup>

1. *Calls upon* all States and other entities referred to in article 1, paragraph 2 (b), of the Agreement<sup>2</sup> that have not done so to ratify or accede to it and to consider applying it provisionally;

2. *Calls upon* all States that have not done so, in order to achieve the goal of universal participation, to become parties to the Convention,<sup>1</sup> which sets out the legal framework within which all activities in the oceans and seas must be carried out, taking into account the relationship between the Convention and the Agreement;

3. *Emphasizes* the importance of the entry into force and effective implementation of the

provisions of the Agreement, including those provisions relating to bilateral, regional and subregional cooperation in enforcement, and urges continued efforts in this regard;

4. *Urges* all States and other entities referred to in the Agreement to pursue cooperation in relation to straddling fish stocks and highly migratory fish stocks, either directly or through appropriate subregional or regional fisheries management organizations or arrangements, to ensure the effective conservation, management and long-term sustainability of such stocks, to agree upon measures necessary to coordinate and, where there are no subregional or regional fisheries management organizations or arrangements in respect of particular straddling or highly migratory fish stocks, to cooperate to establish such organizations or enter into other appropriate arrangements;

5. *Welcomes* the initiation of negotiations to establish regional and subregional fisheries management organizations or arrangements in several fisheries, and urges participants in those negotiations to apply provisions of the Convention and the Agreement to their work;

6. *Anticipates* the entry into force of the Agreement, and requests the Secretary-General, once the Agreement enters into force, to consult with States that have either ratified or acceded to the Agreement, for the purposes and objectives of, inter alia, considering the regional, subregional and global implementation of the Agreement; making any appropriate recommendation to the General Assembly on the scope and content of the annual report of the Secretary-General relating to the Agreement; and preparing for the review conference to be convened by the Secretary-General pursuant to article 36 of the Agreement;

7. *Calls upon* States to provide assistance to developing States as outlined in the Agreement, notes the importance of participation by representatives of developing States in forums in which fisheries issues are discussed, and once the Agreement enters into force, agrees to review the implementation of the provisions calling for assistance to developing States and to facilitate

<sup>6</sup> E/CN.17/2002/PC.2/3, annex.

<sup>7</sup> A/56/357.

the establishment of a programme of assistance within the Agreement;

8. *Requests* the Secretary-General to include in his next report on the status and implementation of the Agreement a background study on the provisions of Part VII of the Agreement concerning requirements of developing States, taking into account existing arrangements and assistance to developing States that may be relevant under the Agreement, as well as suggesting possible forms of assistance;

9. *Invites* States and international financial institutions and organizations of the United Nations system to provide assistance according to Part VII of the Agreement, including, if appropriate, the development of special financial mechanisms or instruments to assist developing States, in particular the least developed among them and small island developing States, to enable them to develop their national capacity to exploit fishery resources, including developing their domestically flagged fishing fleet, value-added processing and expansion of their economic base in the fishing industry, consistent with the duty to ensure the proper conservation and management of those fisheries resources;

10. *Calls upon* all States and other entities referred to in article X, paragraph 1, of the Compliance Agreement<sup>3</sup> that have not done so to accept that instrument and afterwards to implement it effectively;

11. *Calls upon* all States to ensure that their vessels comply with the conservation and management measures in accordance with the Agreement that have been adopted by subregional and regional fisheries management organizations and arrangements;

12. *Calls upon* States not to permit vessels flying their flag to engage in fishing on the high seas without having effective control over their activities and to take specific measures, in accordance with the





## II. OBLIGATIONS OF DEPOSIT AND DUE PUBLICITY

Coastal States, under article 16, paragraph 2, article 47, paragraph 9, article 75, paragraph 2, and article 84, paragraph 2, of UNCLOS, are required to deposit with the Secretary-General of the United Nations charts showing straight baselines and archipelagic baselines as well as the outer limits of the territorial sea, the exclusive economic zone and the continental shelf; alternatively, the lists of geographical coordinates of points, specifying the geodetic datum, may be substituted. Coastal States are also required to give due publicity to all these charts and lists of geographical coordinates. Furthermore, under article 76, paragraph 9, coastal States are required to deposit with the Secretary-General charts and relevant information permanently

with illustrative maps are then published in the *Law of the Sea Bulletin*



“1. Chile and Peru have long since defined their international maritime boundary, as duly recorded in the international instruments agreed upon by them, jointly with Ecuador, and known as the Declaration on the Maritime Zone or Declaration of Santiago, of 18 August 1952 and the Agreement on the Special Maritime Boundary Zone, signed at Lima on 4 December 1954, and its Additional Clarification signed on the same date and at the same place b th1(th1a020.5(t0.4(4)ce b3(w]3otla36]952 aep5la\$(A]\$.a 00e13oc e86)s1,w record the fulfillment of the mission that the respective Governments had charged them with in order to examine in the field the installation of aligned markers visible from the sea which would materialize the parallel of the maritime boundary originating in Boundary Pillar No. 1. The said official report in question setting forth the results of their work was expressly approved by the Ministries of Foreign Affairs of the two countries. The Chile/Peru Joint Commission, which was charged with verifying the position of Boundary Pillar No. 1 and with signalling the maritime boundary, met a year later,

## ANNEX I

## RECAPITULATIVE INFORMATION ON SUBMISSIONS BY STATES PARTIES IN COMPLIANCE WITH THEIR DEPOSIT OBLIGATIONS

State Party	Deposit and due publicity	Relevant article(s) of the Convention	Maritime Zone Notification		Charts   Coordinates
			No.	See LOSIC No.	Or relevant Acts   Treaties published in / available at
Argentina	Deposit of charts (straight baselines and outer limits of the EEZ) and lists of geographical coordinates (straight baselines) as contained in Act 23,968 on the Maritime Spaces of 10 September 1991	16(2); 75(2)	M.Z.N. 10. 1996. LOS of 16 September 1996	4 and 9	Illustrative map in LOSIC No. 9 Charts at DOALOS/OLA
Australia	Deposit of List of geographical coordinates of points for drawing the extended outer limits of the territorial sea in the southern area of the Gulf of Carpentaria to include the part of the roadstead near the Port of Karumba in Queensland, and for drawing the limits of that roadstead, as established by the Proclamation of 29 August 2000 under the Seas and Submerged Lands Act 1973	16(2)	M.Z.N. 36. 2000. LOS of 18 September 2000	12	<u>Law of the Sea Bulletin</u> No. 44 Illustrative map in LOSIC No. 12
Belgium	Deposit of a nautical chart showing the outer limit lines of the continental shelf including the geographical coordinates of points, and the outer limit lines of the territorial sea	16(2); 84(2)	M.Z.N. 24. 1999. LOS of 1 June 1999	10	Illustrative map in LOSIC No. 10 Chart at DOALOS/OLA

Deposit of a chart showing the maritime boundary between 4.1(9(p i)-14b.1(ii)-14ew)25.6(ii)-14ew in t321.72./hed by.4(ol5(a)-1.8(p i)-15.8(n)-1.8( LOS)9(l)-0.2(C No. 0.0007u)-0.569.6 uc3l)-0.26 0.7 uom0.0(u)-0.oinin t321.e9.6-0.833 Tc-023(n)-0.3

State Party	Deposit and due publicity	Relevant article(s) of the Convention	Maritime Zone Notification		Charts   Coordinates
			No.	See LOSIC No.	Or relevant Acts   Treaties published in / available at
Equatorial Guinea	Deposit of the lists of geographical coordinates of points for the drawing of the limits of the exclusive economic zone and the lateral limits of the territorial sea, with an illustrative map	16(2); 75(2)	M.Z.N. 25. 1999. LOS of 2 June 1999	10	Illustrative map in LOSIC No. 10 Map at DOALOS/OLA Act in <a href="#">Law of the Sea Bulletin</a> No. 40
Finland	Deposit of a map (provisional) and of a list of geographical coordinates (straight baselines; outer limits of the territorial sea)	16(2)	M.Z.N. 8. 1996. LOS of 21 July 1996	4 and 9	<a href="#">Law of the Sea Bulletin</a> No. 29; Illustrative map in LOSIC No. 9 Map at DOALOS/OLA
	Deposit of charts showing the straight baselines and the outer limits of the territorial sea of Finland, and the median line separating the continental shelf and fishery zones of Finland from the continental shelves and exclusive economic zones of Estonia and Sweden	16(2); 75(2); 84(2)	M.Z.N. 16. 1996. LOS of 30 September 1996	6 and 9	Illustrative map in LOSIC No. 9 DOALOS/OLA
Gabon	Deposit of the list of geographical coordinates of points for the drawing of straight baselines, as contained in the Decree No. 2066/PR/MHCUCDM of 4 December 1992.	16(2)	M.Z.N. 31. 1999. LOS of 11 October 1999	11	Illustrative map in LOSIC No. 11 and at DOALOS/OLA Decree in the <a href="#">Law of the Sea Bulletin</a> No. 42
Germany	Deposit of charts and geographical coordinates on the territorial sea and the exclusive economic zone in the Baltic Sea and in the North Sea as contained in:  - Announcement of the Proclamation by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany concerning the extension of the breadth of the German territorial sea of 11 November 1994; and - Proclamation by the Federal Republic of Germany concerning the establishment of an exclusive economic zone of the Federal Republic of Germany in the North Sea and in the Baltic Sea of 25 November 1994	16(2); 75(2)	M.Z.N. 1.1995.LOS of 8 March 1995	1 and 9	<a href="#">Law of the Sea Bulletin</a> No. 27; Illustrative map in LOSIC No. 9 Charts at DOALOS/OLA
Honduras	Deposit of the list of geographical coordinates of points for the drawing of straight baselines, with an illustrative map, as established by Executive Decree No. PCM 007-2000 of 21 March 2000	16(2)	M.Z.N. 35. 2000. LOS of 17 April 2000	12	<a href="#">Law of the Sea Bulletin</a> No. 43 Illustrative map in LOSIC No. 12







State Party	Deposit and due publicity		Maritime Zone Notification	
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		Maritime Zone Notification	
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## ANNEX II

## RECAPITULATIVE INFORMATION ON SUBMISSIONS BY STATES PARTIES IN COMPLIANCE WITH THEIR DUE PUBLICITY OBLIGATIONS

State Party	Due publicity	Relevant article(s) of the Convention	Reference provided in LOSIC No.	See also Maritime Zone Notification No.	Acts   Charts   Coordinates   Treaties published in / available at
Argentina	1881 Boundary Treaty (Argentina and Chile)  1984 Treaty of Peace and Friendship ( Argentina and Chile)	42(3)	4, 5	---	SP 1/ p. 169

Australia

State Party	Due publicity	Relevant article(s) of the Convention	Reference provided in LOSIC No.	See also Maritime Zone Notification No.	Acts   Charts   Coordinates   Treaties published in / available at
Italy	<p>Laws and regulations applicable to innocent passage through the territorial sea and to transit passage through straits used for international navigation; namely:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Art. 83 of the Navigation Code;</li> <li>- Law 16 June 1912 (in Official Gazette of the Italian Republic of 27 June 1912, 151);</li> <li>- Royal Decree 24 August 1933, 2423 (in Official Gazette of the Italian Republic of 22 May 1934, 130);</li> <li>- Decree of the Minister of Merchant Marine of 8 May 1985 relating to the Strait of Messina (in Official Gazette of the Italian Republic of 11 May 1985, 110);</li> <li>- Decree of the Minister of Merchant Marine of 26 February 1993 relating to the Straits of Boniface (in Official Gazette of the Italian Republic of 2 March 1993, 50);</li> </ul>	21(3); 42(3);	2; 5	---	





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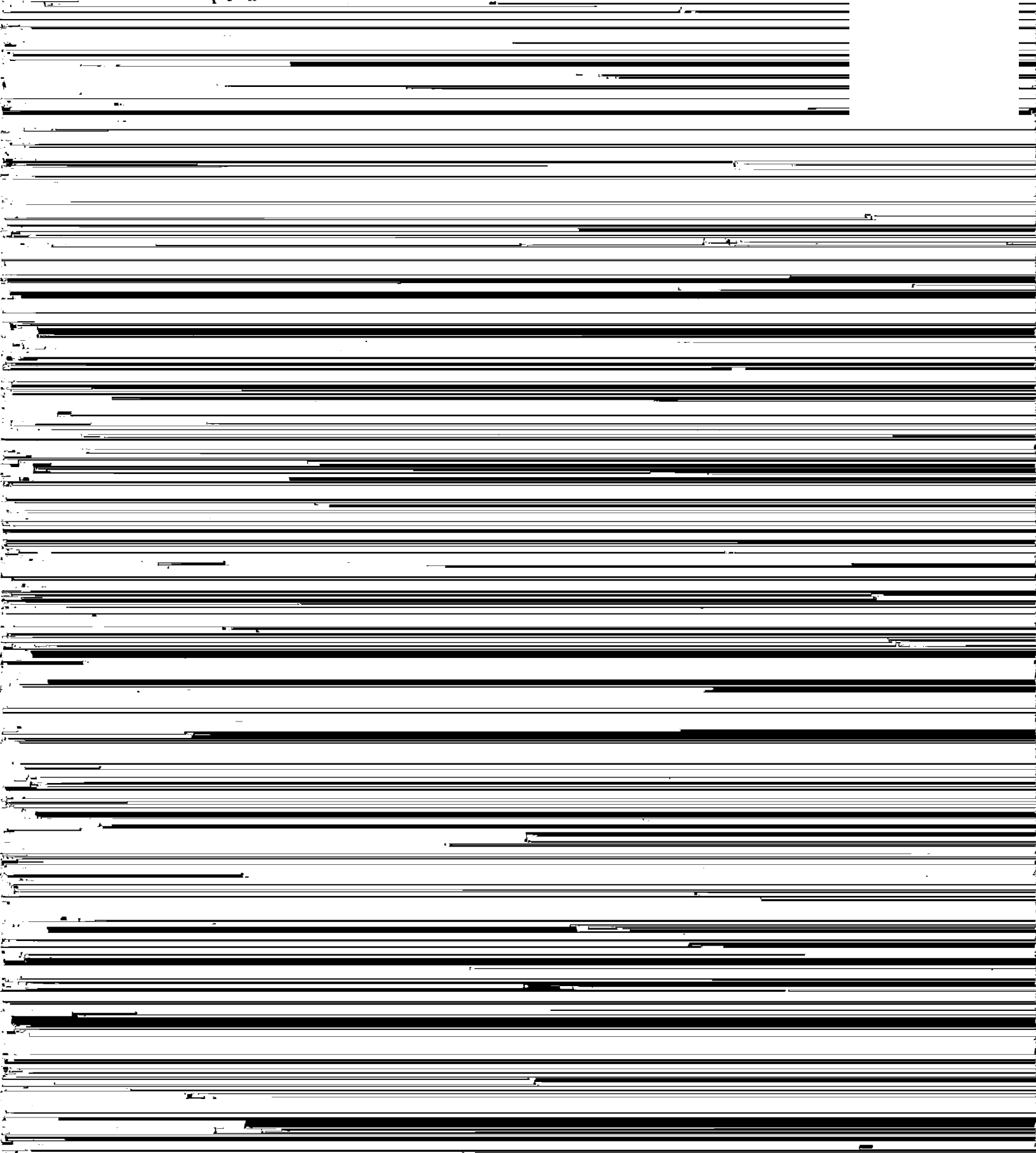


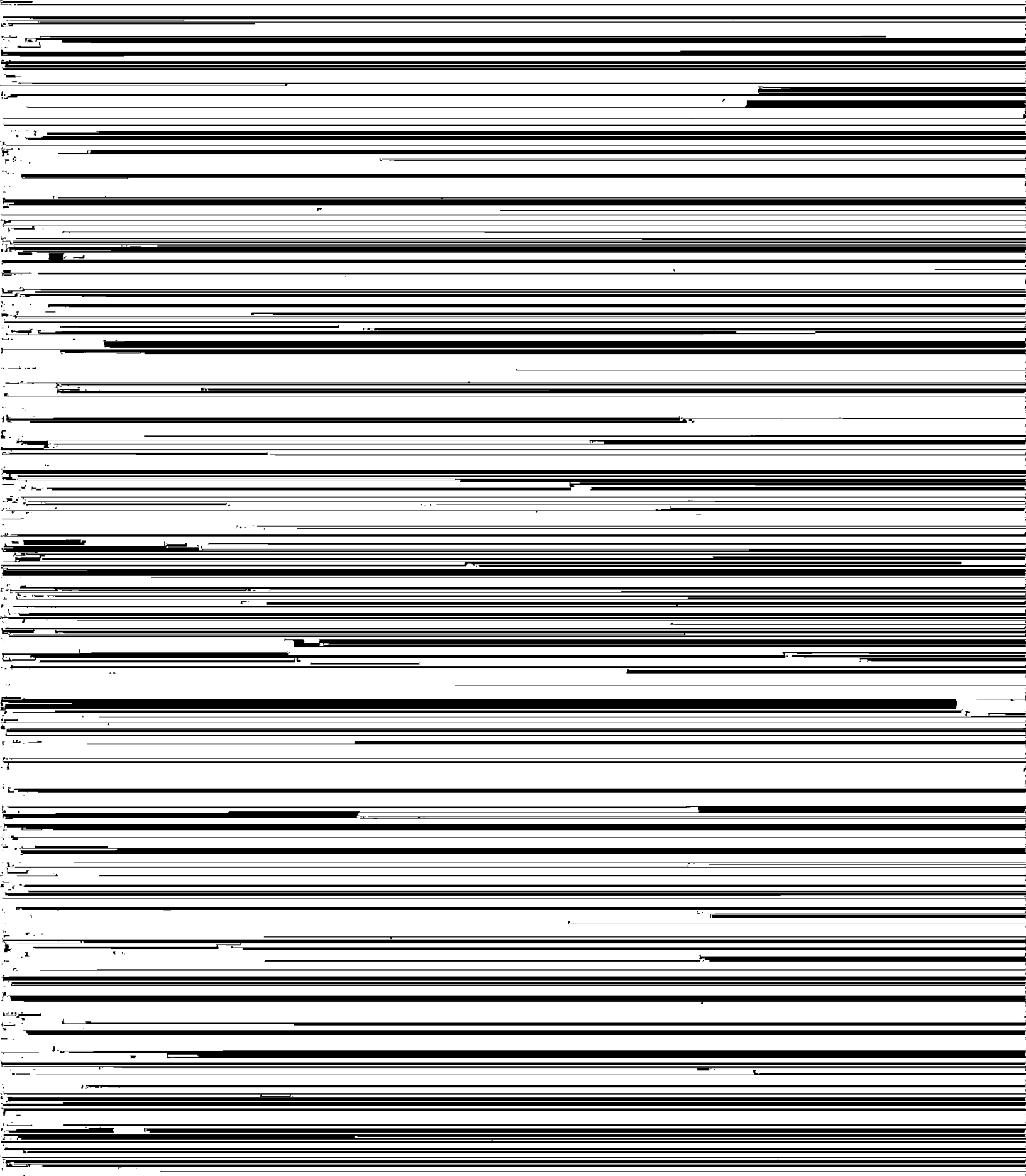
Table 1. Geographic coordinates of the points that define lines of the outer limit of the continental shelf of the Russian Federation in the Arctic Ocean.

OLCS points	Distance between OLCS and ECS	Distance between OLCS points and baseline or 2 500 m isobath
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*2. SEAS OF THE PACIFIC OCEAN*

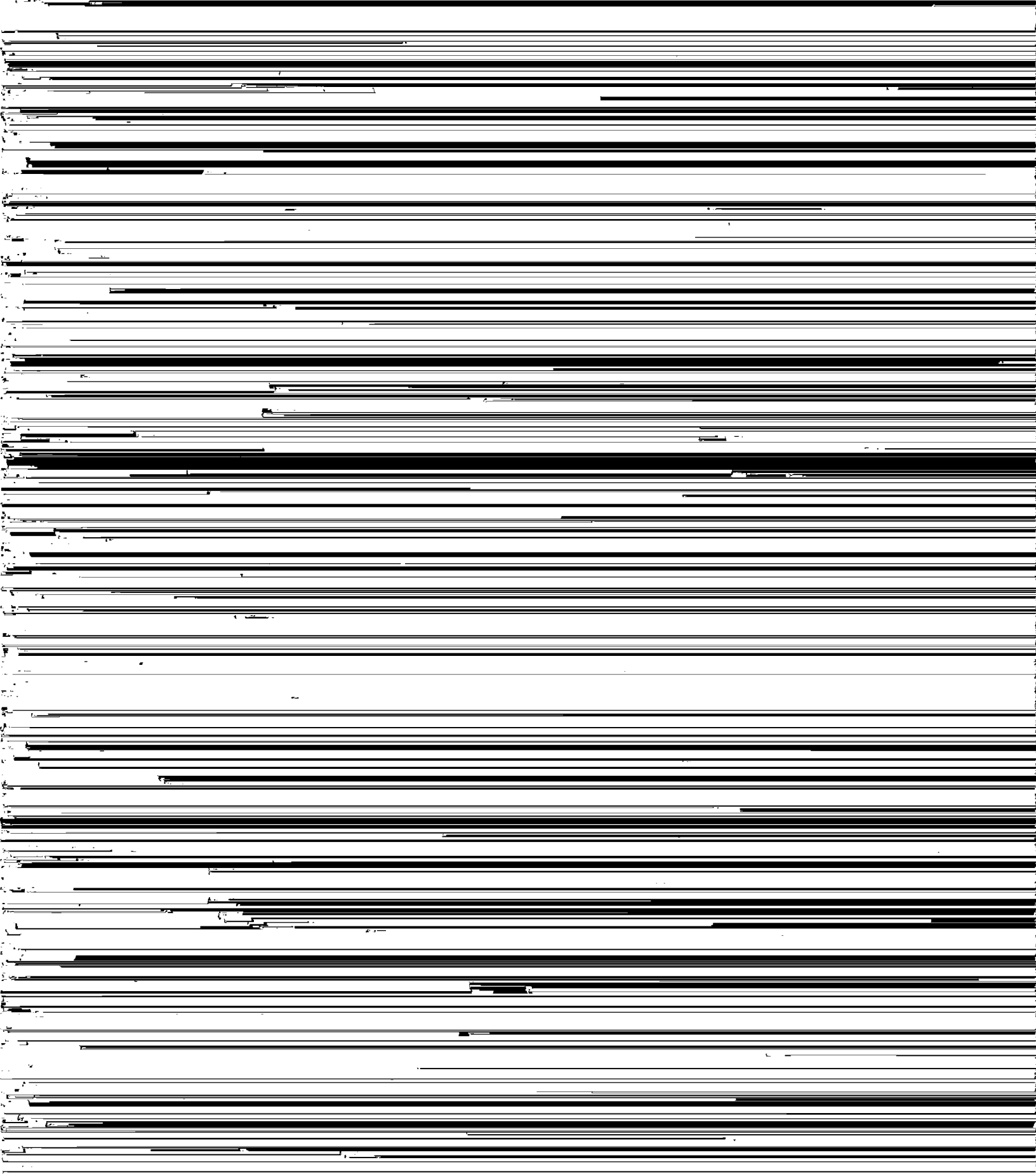
15 The map of the outer limits of the





**Legends to the attached maps**

*(Official translation from Russian by the Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea)*



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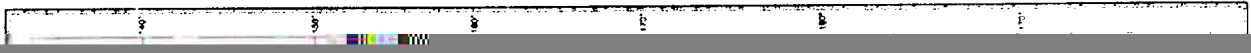
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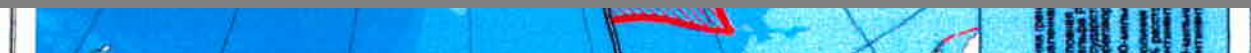
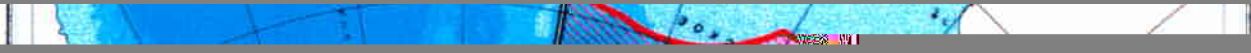
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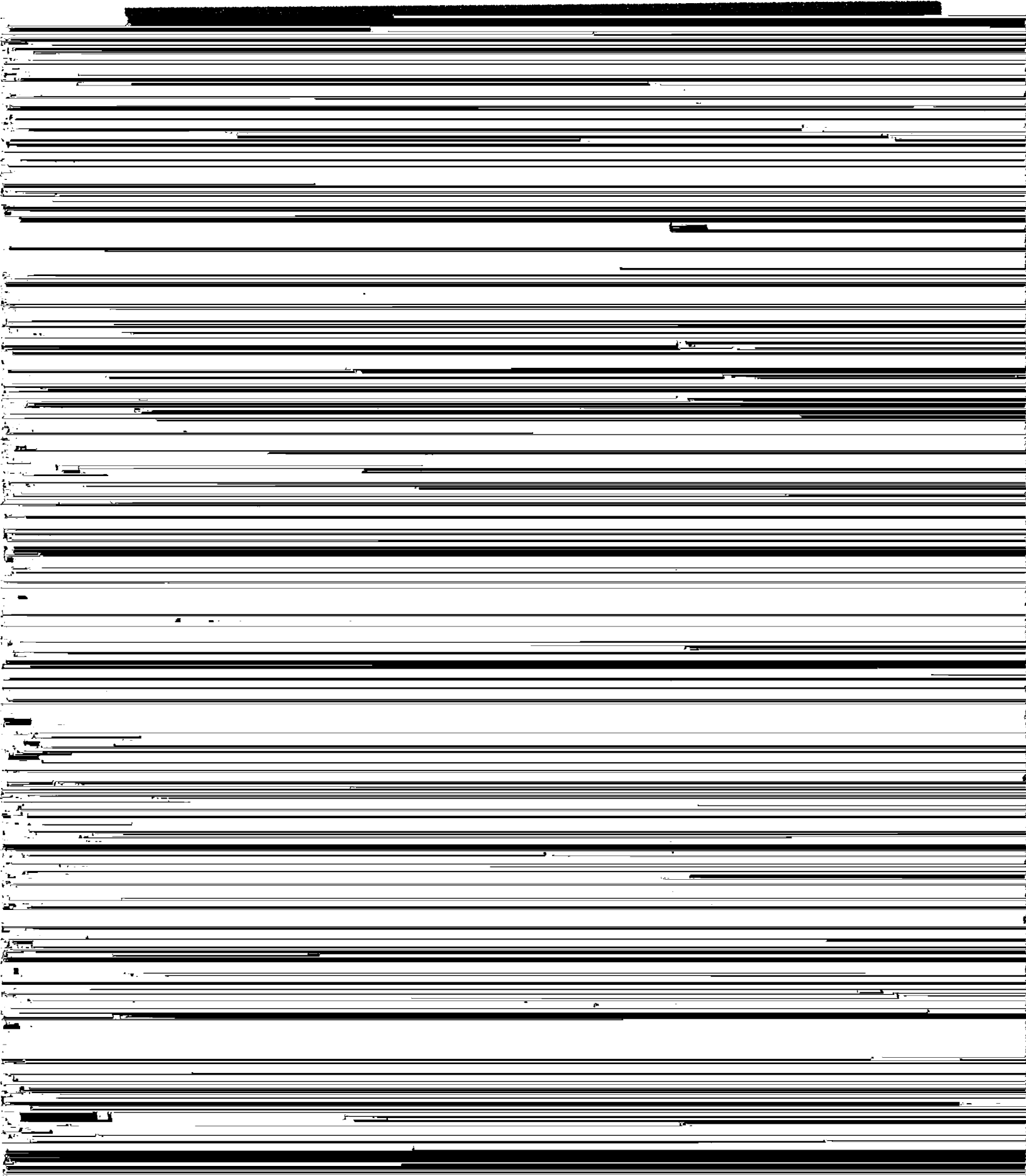
още



Шелковый путь  
 Шелковый путь — это древний торговый путь, который связывал Европу и Азию. Он пролегал через Среднюю Азию и Ближний Восток. В настоящее время этот путь используется для перевозки товаров и пассажиров.

Ученые  
 Ученые используют различные методы для изучения истории и культуры. Они проводят исследования, анализируют архивы и используют современные технологии. Это помогает им лучше понять прошлое и его влияние на настоящее.

Map 2



**ANNEX IV**

COMMUNICATIONS FROM STATES IN RESPONSE TO THE NOTE VERBALE OF THE SECRETARY-  
GENERAL INFORMING ABOUT THE SUBMISSION







THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

[The main body of the page is obscured by dense, horizontal black and white lines, likely due to severe scanning artifacts or redaction.]



**PERMANENT MISSION OF DENMARK**

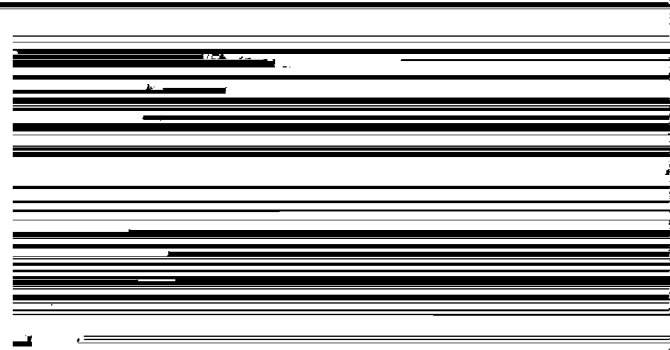
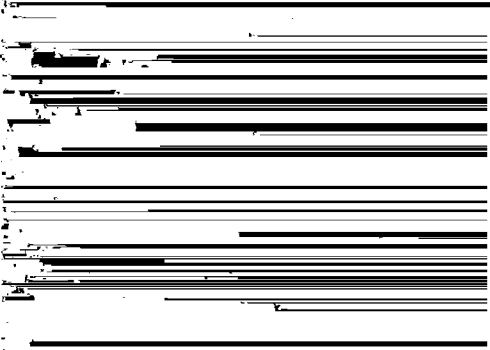
... is in a position to evaluate the possible impact of

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PERMANENT MISSION OF JAPAN



February 2002

Japan's position on the submission made by the Russian Federation  
to the Commission on the Limits of the Continental Shelf



has not yet been delimited. Japan and the Russian Federation have continued vigorous

negotiations in a friendly atmosphere based on the common understanding that both



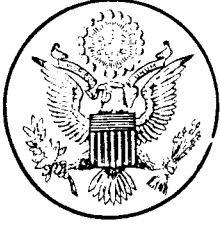


1. Use joining points sequentially from (a) to (f)

- (j) The point at 43° 48' 15" North Latitude and 146° 35' 22" East Longitude (the northwesternmost point of Ō Saki)
- (k) The point at 43° 48' 20" North Latitude and 146° 35' 30" East Longitude (the northernmost point of Ō Saki)
- (l) The point at 43° 48' 55" North Latitude and 146° 36' 38" East Longitude
- (m) The point at 43° 49' 6" North Latitude and 146° 37' 2" East Longitude
- (n) The point at 43° 52' 25" North Latitude and 146° 46' 45" East Longitude (the northwesternmost point of

Statement by the Japanese Minister of Foreign Affairs to the President of the Russian Federation on





THE REPRESENTATIVE  
OF THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
TO THE  
UNITED NATIONS

February 28, 2002

Dear Mr. Under-Secretary-General:

The United States has reviewed the executive summary of the Russian submission  
to the Commission of December 20

[REDACTED]





the International Hydrographic Organization, was first published in 2000 and is periodically

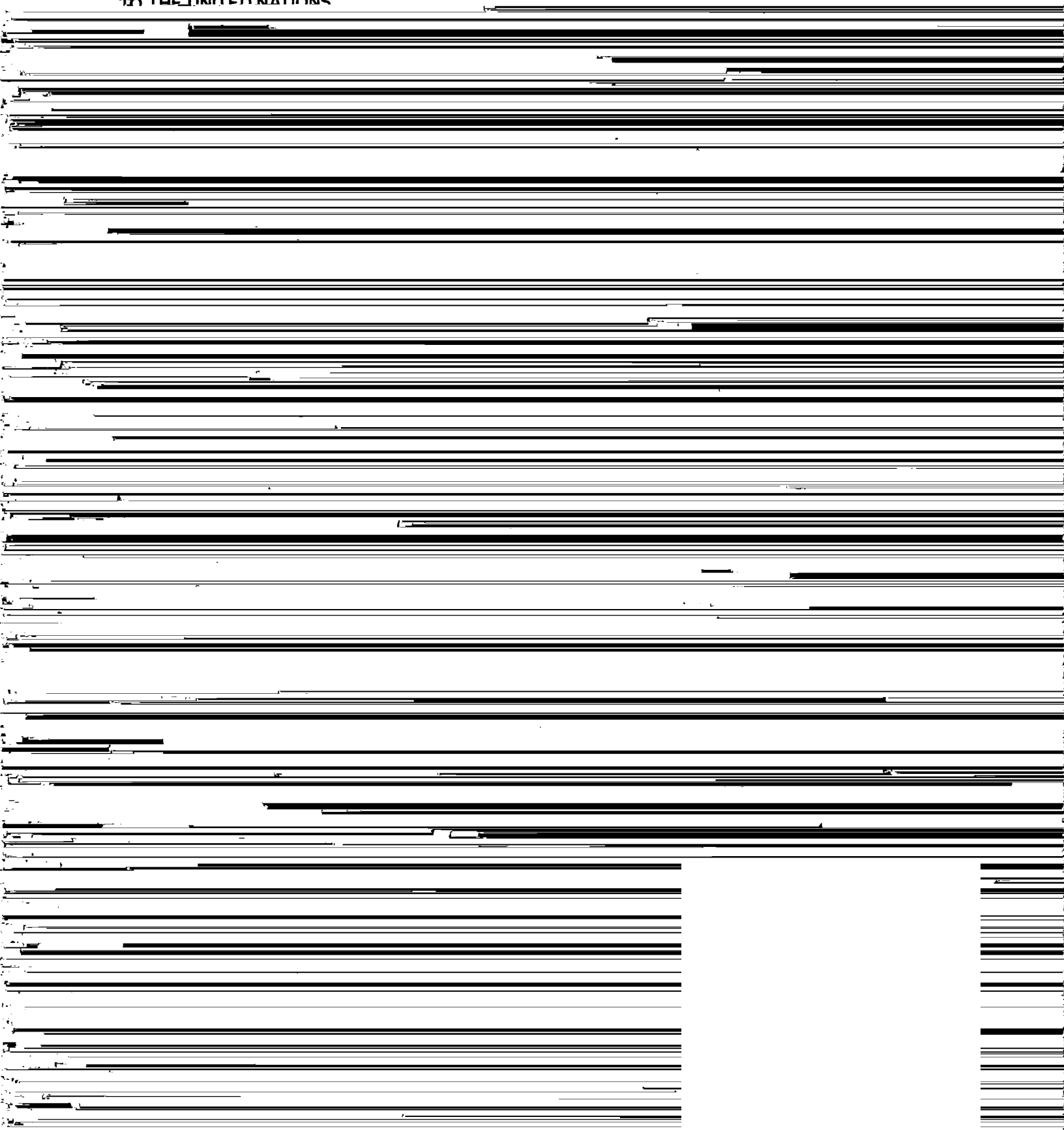
-- Canadian seismic reflection and refraction data indicate that the eastern part of the Alpha-Madalena Ridge System is underlain by unusually homogeneous crust with moderate to high

... based on a high degree of confidence that they ...

Mudie, P.J., Stoffyn-Egli, P., and Van Wagoner, N.A., 1986, Geologic constraints for tectonic



**PERMANENT MISSION OF NORWAY  
TO THE UNITED NATIONS**



*The Norwegian position:*

Deg	min	sec N	deg	min	sec E
70	16	28.95	32	04	23.00
70	16	48.5362	32	06	02.9469
70	17	42.5396	32	10	02.9584
70	21	42.5546	32	27	39.0091
70	26	30.5724	32	48	57.0710
71	09	24.7226	35	37	09.5723
72	14	42.9344	39	46	28.3915
72	21	54.9564	40	10	46.4761
72	59	19.0562	39	35	52.3039
72	22	01.1160	39	16	04.1991



In the central Barents Sea a sizeable area is located beyond 200 nautical miles from the

**ANNEX V****LISTS OF CONCILIATORS, ARBITRATORS AND EXPERTS****I. Lists of conciliators and arbitrators nominated under article 2 of annexes V and VII to the Convention**1. List of conciliators nominated under article 2 of annex V to the Convention

<b>State Party</b>	<b>Conciliators - Nominations</b>	<b>Date of deposit of notification with the Secretary-General</b>
<b>Brazil</b>	Walter de Sá Leitão	10 September 2001
<b>Chile</b>	Helmut Brunner Nöer Rodrigo Díaz Albónico Carlos Martínez Sotomayor Eduardo Vío Grossi	18 November 1998
<b>Costa Rica</b>	Lic. Carlos Fernando Alvarado Valverde	15 March 2000
<b>Czech Republic</b>	Dr. Vladimír Kopal	18 December 1996
<b>Finland</b>	Professor Kari Hakapää Professor Martti Koskenniemi Justice Gustav Möller Justice Pekka Vihervuori	25 May 2001
<b>Indonesia</b>	Prof. Dr. Hasjim Djalal, M.A Dr. Ety Roesmaryati Agoes, SH, LL.M. Dr. Sudirman Saad, D.H., M.Hum Lieutenant Commander Kresno Bruntoro, SH, LL.M	3 August 2001
<b>Italy</b>	Professor Umberto Leanza Ambassador Luigi Vittorio Ferraris Ambassador Giuseppe Jacoangeli	23 September 1999
<b>Norway</b>	Mr. Carsten Smith, President of the Supreme Court Ms. Karin Bruzelius, Supreme Court Judge Mr. Hans Wilhelm Longva, Director General, Department of Legal Affairs, Ministry of Foreign Affairs Ambassador Per Tresselt	22 November 1999
<b>Spain</b>	José Manuel Lacleta Muñoz, Ambassador of Spain José Antonio de Yturriaga Barberán, Ambassador at large Juan Antonio Yáñez-Barnuevo García, Ambassador at large Aurelio Pérez Giralda, Chief, International Legal Advisory Assistance, Ministry of Foreign Affairs	7 February 2002
<b>Sri Lanka</b>	Hon. M. S. Aziz, P.C. S. Sivarasan, P.C. (Prof.) Dr. C. F. Amerasinghe A. R. Perera	17 January 1996

State Party	Conciliators - Nominations	Date of deposit of notification with the Secretary-General
Sudan	Dr. Abd Elrahman Elkhalifa Sayed/Eltahir Hamadalla	8 September 1995

2. List of arbitrators nominated under article 2 of annex VII to the Convention

State Party	Arbitrators - Nominations	Date of deposit of notification with the Secretary-General
Australia	Sir Gerard Brennan AC KBE	

State Party	Arbitrators - Nominations	Date of deposit of notification with the Secretary-General
<b>Norway</b>	Mr. Carsten Smith, President of the Supreme Court Ms. Karin Bruzelius, Supreme Court Judge Mr. Hans Wilhelm Longva, Director General, Department of Legal Affairs, Ministry of Foreign Affairs Ambassador Per Tresselt	22 November 1999
<b>Russian Federation</b>	Vladimir S. Kotliar Vladimir N. Trofimov	27 May 1997
	Professor Kamil A. Bekyashev	4 March 1998
<b>Spain</b>	D. José Antonio de Yturriaga Barberan	23 June 1999
	José Manuel Lacleta Muños, Ambassador of Spain José Antonio Pastor Ridruejo, Judge, European Court of Human Rights Julio D. González Campos, Professor of Private International Law, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, former Constitutional Court Judge	7 February 2002
<b>Sri Lanka</b>	Hon. M. S. Aziz, P.C. S. Sivarasan, P.C. (Prof.) Dr. C. F. Amerasinghe A. R. Perera	17 January 1996
<b>Sudan</b>	Sayed/Shawgi Hussain Dr. Ahmed Elmufli	



State Party	Nominations
<b>Democratic Republic of the Congo</b>	Mr. Sayeman Bula-Bula, Professeur de droit de la mer, Université de Kinshasa
<b>Egypt</b>	Dr. Hussein Kamal Badawi, Head, Marine and Fisheries Institute Dr. M. Amin Ibrahim, Head, Fisheries Department Dr. Khamis Abdel Hamid Hussein, Head, Fish Seeds Lab. Dr. Ahmed Fawzi Alquarashili, Head, Fisheries Economy Lab.

State Party	Experts Nominated	Designation
<b>Australia</b>	Prof. Graeme Kelleher AO	Chair, Marine Sector Advisory Committee of Australia's Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization
	Associate Prof. Samuel Bateman AM RAN (Rtd)	Principal Research Fellow and Associate Professor, Centre for Marine Policy at the University of Wollongong
<b>Austria <u>1/</u></b>	Dr. Michael Stachowitsch	University of Vienna
	Dr. Bernhard Riegl	University of Vienna
<b>Barbados <u>2/</u></b>	Mr. Leo Brewster	Deputy-Director, Coastal Zone Management Unit
	Prof. Ralph Carnegie	Director, Caribbean Law Institute
<b>Brazil <u>3/</u></b>	Dr. Geraldo J. Eysink	Ministry of Environment
	Dr. Luiz R. Tommasi	Ministry of Environment
<b>Cape Verde</b>	Dr. Silvestre Evora	Juriste, Technicien de la Direction Générale de Marine et Ports
	Dr. Maria M. Carvalho	Biologiste, Technicienne Supérieure de l'Institut National de Développement des Pêches
<b>China</b>	Mr. Yan Hongbang	Director, Marine Environment Division, National Environmental Protection Agency

---

1/

State Party	Experts Nominated	Designation
Costa Rica	Sr. Geovanny Bassey	Area de Conservación Guanacaste



State Party	Experts Nominated	Designation
Georgia <u>6/</u>	Mr. Grigori Abramia	Manager, Black Sea Protection Conventional Service

---

State Party

Experts Nominated

Designation



<b>State Party</b>	<b>Experts Nominated</b>	<b>Designation</b>
<b>Samoa <u>9/</u></b>	Mrs. F. Tuimalealiifano	Director, Dept. of Lands, Surveys and Environment
	Mr. Sailimalo P. Liu	Assistant-Director, Dept. of Lands, Surveys and Environment
	Mr. Lui Bell	Principal Fisheries Officer, Dept. of Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries and Meteorology
<b>Senegal</b>	Mr. Hadji Salif Diop	Spécialiste sur les questions marines et côtières, Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Protection de la Nature
<b>Seychelles</b>	Mr. John Collie	Ag. Director, Division of Environment, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Planning and Environment
	Ms. Suzanne Marshall	Senior Research Officer, Division of Environment, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Planning and Environment
	Prof. H.H. Costa	Zoologist, Vice-Chancellor, University of Kelaniya

State Party	Experts Nominated	Designation
Uruguay	Mr. Carlos Ormaechea	Capitan de Fragata, Integrante del <i>Nautical Institute</i>
Zimbabwe	Mr. J.T. Mukundu	Acting Under-Secretary, Traffic and Legislation, Ministry of Transport and Energy

3. List of experts in the field of marine scientific research maintained by the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission of UNESCO  
(communicated on 26 July 2000)

State Party	
Experts nominated	
ARGENTINA	
Vicealmirante ® Alfredo A. <b>YUNG</b> Derqui 1957 (1828) Banfield Provincia de Buenos Aires e-mail: <a href="mailto:dayung@sinectis.com.ar">dayung@sinectis.com.ar</a> <b>ARGENTINA</b>	Capitán de Navío ® Osvaldo P. <b>ASTIZ</b> Dirección de Límites Ministerio de Relaciones Exteriores, Comercio Internacional y Culto Esmeralda 1212 – Piso 11 (1007) Buenos Aires e-mail: <a href="mailto:stz@mrecic.gov.ar">stz@mrecic.gov.ar</a> <b>ARGENTINA</b>

**BRAZIL**

Luiz Phillipe **DA COSTA FERNANDES**  
Vice-Admiral ®  
**BRAZIL**

Mr. Luiz Roberto **SILVA MARTINS**  
UFRGS - Universidade Federal do Rio grande do Sul -  
CECO- Centro de Estudos de Geologia Costeira e  
Oceanica  
Campus do Vale - Predio 43/125  
Av. Bento Goncalves 9500  
91.541-970 Porto Alegre, RS  
*Tel: LAZ*

CHINA

Prof. Su **JILAN**  
Advisor to the Administrator  
Second Institute of Oceanography  
State Oceanic Administration  
P.O.Box 1207 - Hangzhou, Zhejiang 310012  
Tel: (8610) 88 403 32  
Fax: (8610) 8071539  
E-mail: [sujil@2gb.com.cn](mailto:sujil@2gb.com.cn)  
**CHINA**

Dr. Xu **XUN**

CZECH REPUBLIC	
Prof. Vladimír <b>KOPAL</b> <i>Charles University</i> Prague <b>CZECH REPUBLIC</b>	
ECUADOR	
Capitán de Navío-EM Fausto <b>LOPEZ VILLEGAS</b> Director del Instituto Oceanográfico de la Armada (INOCAR) Av. 25 de Julio, Vía Puerto Marítimo Guayaquil Tel: 593 4 4811 05 Fax: 593 4 485 166 E-mail: <a href="mailto:inocar@inocar.mil.ec">inocar@inocar.mil.ec</a> or <a href="mailto:cdmbac@inocar.mil.ec">cdmbac@inocar.mil.ec</a> <b>ECUADOR</b>	
FINLAND	
Prof. Matti <b>PERTTILÄ</b> Head, Chemical Oceanography Finnish Institute of Marine Research P.O. Box 33 FIN-00931 Helsinki Tel: 358 9 613 94 510 Fax: 358 9 613 94 494 E: mail: <a href="mailto:matti.perttila@fimr.fi">matti.perttila@fimr.fi</a> <b>FINLAND</b>	
GABON	
Monsieur Louis-Gabriel <b>PAMBO</b> Océanologue Géologiste, Directeur des Pêches Direction des Pêches Maritimes et des Cultures Marines Ministère de la Marine Marchande et de la Pêche Libreville, <b>GABON</b>	



GEORGIA	
Prof. A. <b>KIKNADZE</b> Department of Geography Tbilisi State University Georgia, 380028, Tbilisi Av. J. Chauchauadze 1 Fax: (995-32) 22-11-03 <b>GEORGIA</b>	Prof. G. <b>METREVELI</b> Department of Geography Tbilisi State University Georgia, 380028, Tbilisi Av. J. Chauchauadze 1 Tel: (995-32) 64-85-17 Fax: (995-32) 22-11-03 <b>GEORGIA</b>
GERMANY	

Prof. Dr. Jens **MEINCKE**  
 Zentrum für Meeres-und Klimaforschung  
 Institut 0.008H1x:08H12Nphy. JR -0.w.48 r51 Tu.8(e)1b-0.48Cm 543.96Cl539.750 0 0 scn-0.539.75 scn-0.51 A



## LEBANON

Dr. Mary **ABBOU ABI SAAB**  
Marine Research Centre  
c/o Prof. Dr. Hafez Kobeissi  
Secretary General  
CNRS  
Tel: 961 1 822 670  
Fax: 961 1 822 639  
**LEBANON**

## MALAYSIA

Miss Choo **POH SZE**

## NETHERLANDS

Professor A.H.A. **SOONS**  
Institute of Public International Law,  
Utrecht University  
Achter Sint Pieter 200  
3512 HT Utrecht  
Tel: 31 30 253 7056  
Fax: 31 30 253 7073  
e-mail: [a.soons@law.uu.nl](mailto:a.soons@law.uu.nl)  
**NETHERLANDS**

## NIGERIA

Mr. L.F. **AWOSIKA**  
Nigerian Institute fØ

RUSSIAN FEDERATION	
<p>Dr. Vassili N. <b>ZHIVAGO</b>            Head. Division of the World Ocean,            Climate and Earth Sciences            Ministry of Science and Technologies            Executive Secretary, National Oceanographic            Committee of the Russian Federation            11, Tverskaya Street            Moscow 123 242            Tel: 7095 229 03 64            Fax: 7095 925 96 09            e-mail: zhivago@minstp.ru  <b>RUSSIAN FEDERATION</b></p>	<p>Dr. Anatoly L. <b>KOLODKIN</b>            President, Association of Maritime Law            3B. Koptersky pr.            Moscow 125319            Tel: 7 095 151 7588            Fax: 7 095 152 0916  <b>RUSSIAN FEDERATION</b></p>
SENEGAL	
<p>Mr. Yérím <b>THIOUB</b>            Président du Comité Technique National pour l'Océan            Ministère de la Pêche et des Transports            Maritimes, Building Administrative            4ème étage – BP 4050            Tel: 221 822 6245  <b>Fax: 221 823 8720</b>            e-mail: <a href="mailto:oepts@syfed.refer.sn">oepts@syfed.refer.sn</a>  <b>SENEGAL</b></p>	<p>Mr. Mamadou <b>DIALLO</b>            Océanologue Biologiste,            Chercheur au Centre de Recherches Océanographiques            Comité Technique National pour l'Océan            Ministère de la Pêche et des Transports            Maritimes, Building Administrative            4ème étage – BP 4050            Tel: 221 822 6245            Fax: 221 823 8720            e-mail: <a href="mailto:oepts@syfed.refer.sn">oepts@syfed.refer.sn</a>  <b>SENEGAL</b></p>
SAINT LUCIA	

Mr. Horace Denis **WALTERS**  
 Chief, Fisheries Officer  
 Fisheries Management Unit  
 Ministry of Agriculture, Lands, Fisheries &  
 Cooperatives  
 5<sup>th</sup>

<b>SPAIN</b>	
<p>D. Carlos <b>PALOMO</b>  Instituto Español de  Oceanografía  Avenida del Brasil, 31  Madrid, 28020  Tel: 91 555 19 54  Fax: 91 555 1954  <b>SPAIN</b></p>	
<b>SUDAN</b>	
<p>Dr. Abdel Gadir D. <b>EL HAG</b>  Director, Red Sea University  c/o Mr. Mubarak Yahia Abbas  Secretary-General  National Commission for Education  Science and Culture, P.O. Box 2324 KH  Tel: 249 11 79888  Fax: 249-11-76030  Tlx: 21055  <b>SUDAN</b></p>	<p>Dr. Dinar H. <b>NASR</b>  Faculty of Marine Science and Fisheries  P.O. Box 24  Port Sudan  Tel: 249 11 - 2509  c/o 70025 STOLP SD-22342 ILMI SD  <b>SUDAN</b></p>
<b>TUNISIA</b>	
<p>Prof. Ktari Mohamed <b>HEDI</b>  President, Université de Sfax  c/o Mr. Abdelbaki Hermassi  L'Ambassadeur, Délégué Permanent  Délégation Permanente de la Tunisie  Auprès de l'UNESCO  1, rue Miollis  75732 Paris, Cedex 15  Tel: 33 1 45 68 2991  Fax: 33 1 40 56 0422  <b>UNESCO HOUSE</b></p>	<p>Prof. El Abed <b>AMOR</b>  Directeur Général  Institut National Scientifique et Technique  d'Océanographie et de Pêche  2025, Slamambo  c/o Mr. Abdelbaki Hermassi  L'Ambassadeur, Délégué Permanent  Délégation Permanente de la Tunisie  Auprès de l'UNESCO  1, rue Miollis  75732 Paris, Cedex 15  Tel: 33 1 45 68 2991  Fax: 33 1 40 56 0422  <b>UNESCO HOUSE</b></p>

## UKRAINE

Prof. Valeri **EREMEEV**  
Marine Hydrophysical Institute  
National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine  
2, Kapitanska Str.  
Sebastopol 99 000  
Crimea  
Tel: 380 692 54 04 52  
Fax: 380 692 55 42 53  
E-mail:

State Party	Nominations
<b>Chile</b>	<b>CF LT Sr. Emilio León Hoffman</b> , Jefe Centro Nacional de Combate a la Contaminación, Armada de Chile <b>CC LT Sr. Oscar Tapia Zuñiga</b> , Jefe División de Navegación y Maniobras del Servicio Inspección de Naves, Armada de Chile
<b>China</b>	<b>Mr. Zhong Boyuan</b> , Former Director-General of Tianjin Harbour Superintendency, Senior engineer and leading captain <b>Mr. Shi Zhuanghuai</b> , Former Captain of Shanghai Marine Transport (Group) Company
<b>Cook Islands</b>	<b>Captain Donald W. Silk</b> , Harbourmaster <b>Mr. Joseph Caffery</b> , Director of Maritime Transport
<b>Czech Republic</b>	<b>Dr. Vladimír Kopal</b> , Professor of Law
<b>Egypt</b>	<b>Mr. Mehnad Mahmoud Kamel</b> , Counsellor, Ministry of Maritime Transportation <b>Mr. Mahmoud Imam Abd-Rabou</b> , Counsellor for Treaties Affairs, Ministry of Maritime Transportation



State Party	Nominations
Singapore	<b>Captain Francis Wee</b> , Assistant Director (Nautical), Marine Department <b>Captain Wilson Chua</b> , Head, Hydrographic Department, Port of Singapore Authority
Slovakia	<b>Mr. Emil Mitka</b> , Chief Director of the Water Transport Section, Ministry of Transport <b>Mr. Pavol Lukáš</b> , Director of the Maritime Transport Department, Ministry of Transport
Slovenia	<b>Captain Valter Kobeja</b> , Director, The Slovenian Maritime Directorate, Ministry of Transport and Communications <b>Mrs. Seli Mohori Peršolja</b> , Counsellor to the Government, The Slovenian Maritime Directorate Ministry of Transport and Communications Md(xTf0.552269tpr

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