

## STATEMENT BY H.E. Mr. MASOOD KHAN, PERMANENT REPRESENTATI VE OF PAKISTAN, and VICE-PRESIDENT, ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

## TO THE FORTY-SIXTH SESSION OF THE COMMISSION ON POPULATI ON AND DEVELOPMENT

## New York, 25 April 2013

Your Excellency, Vlad Lupan,
Mr. Jorge Bravo, representantiveof the Population Division,
Department for Economicand Social Affairs
Distinguished delegates,
Ladies and gentlemen,

It is my pleasure to address you today tondeliver a statement on behalf of the President of ECOSOC, Ambassador Nestor Osorio of Colombia. Ambassador Osorio asked me to highlight the impartice that the deliberations of the Commission on Population and Developmente for the development agenda of the United Nations, and in particular, the valuable contribution of population matters to the theme of the Annual Review of ECOSOC.

Mr. Chairman,

I would like to begin by making brief remarks on the on-going process to strengthen the Economic and Social Council and the system that includes the functional commissions and other subsidiary organtsCOSOC. As noted recently in the sessions of other ftional commissions, there are three main aspects to consider in this process:

First, to sharpen the focus on ktaymatic areas, benefitting from the knowledge and expertise of the spalized bodies in the system;

Second, to review the work of the futional commissions in order to achieve a closer integration of the three dimenss of sustainable development, as prescribed in the International Confece on Sustainable Development, or Rio+20;

And third, to improve the dialoguend cooperation between the different organs of the system.

In connection with this last point, sin2009 the sessions ofishComission have included an agenda item on the contributof population to the theme of the Annual Ministerial Review (AMR). This ractice constitutes a good example of the reinforcement of substantive redatiships that the Economic and Social Council has been forging ith the functional commissions. We must aim to expand and strengthen these linkages einstystem of the Council as a whole.

## Distinguished delegates,

As you know, the theme of the AMRishyear is "Science, technology and innovation, and the potential of culture, for promoting sustainable development and achieving the Millenniur Development Goals". Asoted recently in the regional meetings held in Africa and Europe for this year's Annual Ministerial Review, scientific and technological innovatis are essential to modern societies. Without nurturing them and applying the systematically, there is little hope for countries to develop and to achievalities, well educated and integrated societies.

Historically, scientific advances and technological innovations have helped to improve substantially the living conditions to population, both the currently more developed regions as well as in developing countries.

New technologies in medicine and diagtic tools, including those that operate through mobile phones, are expanding ascteshealth services and to diagnostic tests at affordable costs ver the past several deless, innovations that have improved personal hygiene and publicable, as well as the implantion with the costs of the costs of

global reduction in fertility from four and a half children per women in 1970, to two and a half children per women today.

With regard to migration, scientifiporogress and innovations have reduced the time and financial costs of transportationabily, land and sea. This, together with the extension of information and comcantion technologies, has made internal and international migration much easiered has greatly facilitated the contact of migrants with their places of origin. As indicated in the report of the Secretary-General on new trends in migration that sypate pared for this session of the CPD, the global number of migrants has increal substantially during the last 20 years.

Mr. Chairman,

Continuing the application of scientificowledge and technological innovations,