Closing Statement by Mr. Thomas Stelzer, Assistant SecretaryGeneral for Policy Coordination and InterAgency Affairs (DESA)

Regional Preparatory Meeting for Asia and the Pacific 13 March 2013, Bangkok, Thailand

Honourable Ministers, Excellencies, Distinguished guests,

We have now come to the end of a very interesting and productive day. I would like to take this opportunity to express once more special thanks to our making this meeting possible

I also would like to express my heartfelt appreciation to all panellists and participants. Without your active participation and engagement, it would not have been possible to have such atich discussion.

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- x We identified renewable energy as one of the most efficient and viable solutions to address the energy and sustainable development challenges in the region, particularly for the poor. Amajority of developing countries, however, have very limited capacity and financial incentives to substitute conventional energy sourceslespite increasing awareness of the benefits stemming from renewable energy
- x We recognized that STI systems geared towards renewable energy can go a long way in overcoming some of the technological dreconomic challenges associated with integrating RETs in existing energy with mechanisms for energy services for example, in integrating RETs in

- grid-based conventional power supply in rural areas/ery few developing countries in the region however, have such systems place.
- x While STIcan play an important role as means of implementation for sustainable development current STI systems tend to be marketriven rather than driven by the needs of the poor and the critical objectives sustainable and iclusive development.

How do we redirect national STI systems towards poverty eradication and sustainable development challenges? What policies and other measures are necessary to use STI effectively to promote sustainable energy for sustainable development in Asia and the Pacific? How do we tackle the issue of limited institutional, infrastructure, humanand financial resource capacity forenewable energy in the region? How dowe increase the awareness and engagement of a broad-

x A focus on establishig renewable energy networks and centre of excellenceboth at the national and regional level opromote readiness for and dissemination of RETs

The realities of countries in the Asia and Pacificegion vary widely with respect to the level of development and dissemination of RETIsstitutional and R&D capacity one of the main factors that set themapart.

Regional measures to facilitate the transfer of climateriendly technologies-such as, fostering regional technology platforms to promote renewable energy solutions; strengthening linkages and partnerships among different stakeholders to capitalize on crossporder cooperation; promotion of south-south cooperation; as well as burdersharing arrangement to strengthen weak infrastructure –can help build this capacity and helpeduce current imbalances in REdiriven technological and industrial development in the region.

Distinguished guests,

This meeting of distinguished participants is part of a broadeffort to forge a regional strategy to use STI to facilitate a wider dissemination of RETs for sustainable development in Asia and the Pacifte hope to build on this event at the global level to ensure stronger partnerships with the region to support an effective use of STI for sustainable development.

This is especially important this years the Councisets out to follow-up on the Rio+20 Outcome and contribute to the formulation of a common vision for a future development agenda.

I therefore hope that you will remain engaged with the work of the Council beyond this meeting and will join us for the Annual Ministerial Review in July Geneva

Thank you.