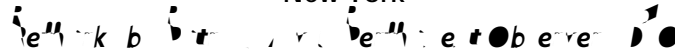


STATEMENT OF
THE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT LAW ORGANIZATION

THE SIXTH COMMITTEE OF THE 69TH SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
AGENDA ITEM 82: THE RULE OF LAW AT THE NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL LEVELS

October 13, 2014

New York



Thank you Mr. Chairman

And thank you to the delegations that have kindly referred to IDLO's work in their interventions last Thursday and Friday.

At the outset, let me, as an old UN hand, and, now, as the Permanent Observer for IDLO, say what a great pleasure it is to see you preside over the Sixth Committee.

Mr. Chairman,

As you know, IDLO takes its



organizing a major event on “The Threat of Growing Inequalities: Building More Just and Equitable Societies to Support Growth and Sustainable Development” that featured a keynote address by Professor Joseph Stiglitz, as well as the participation, among others, of the two co-chairs of the Open Working Group on the SDGs.

In March, in cooperation with the Permanent Missions of Afghanistan and Italy, as well as the Supreme Court of Mexico, we organized another roundtable on “Justice for Women by Women: Challenges and Opportunities for Women Professional Participation in the Justice Sector”, based on extensive field research and an IDLO publication by the same title. In so doing, we began to fulfill a specific pledge we had made in the context of the 2012 High-Level Meeting on the Rule of Law.

In June, again with the support of Finland and the co-sponsorship of Tanzania, we organized an “Expert Dialogue” that also served to launch another publication of ours on “Doing Justice to Sustainable Development”. In the same month, the President of the General Assembly kindly invited our Director-General, Irene Khan, to chair and speak at one of the two panels that he had convened as part of the “High-Level Event on the Contribution of Human Rights and the Rule of Law in the Post-2015 Development Agenda”.

Then, in July, the President of ECOSOC invited Ms. Khan to address the Ministerial Dialogue of the High-Level Political Forum on “Charting Pathways to the Future We Want”. And, in the same month, IDLO was given the opportunity to participate actively in the New York session of UNCITRAL, and in the Commission's event on “Standards for Transparency, Accountability and Good Governance”. Further initiatives during the year provided IDLO with the opportunity to support UN activities in

spectrum. Throughout, we have been guided by one of the key principles in which IDLO's work is rooted: our commitment to legal pluralism and the equal value of different legal systems, including traditional systems, consistent with human rights norms and standards.

We greatly appreciate the understanding and interest with which these approaches have been met within the UN, and we are very encouraged by the extent to which **key** elements of the rule of law – equal access to justice for all; the development of effective, accountable and transparent institutions; the provision of legal identity to all; and the promotion and enforcement of non-discriminatory laws and policies – are also being seen in the relevant intergovernmental processes at the UN as **key** elements of the drive for sustainable development.

With the same broad perspective, we at IDLO greatly appreciate your selection of the subtopic on “Sharing States’ National Practices in Strengthening the Rule of Law Through Access to Justice “as a special focus for your deliberations under this agenda item.

Supporting

A third component relates to access to justice for people living with HIV and, more generally, promoting a legal environment geared to protecting and promoting health, facilitating access to life saving drugs and to prevention services, and combating discrimination .

In all of these areas we, of course, operate

justice (building also on the information and insights we have gained from this very debate) and also activities relating to women's and children's rights, informal justice, health, and climate change.

Against this backdrop, programme development will in all likelihood be a major priority in 2015, aided, in this regard, by a generous and flexible contribution from the Netherlands and the establishment of a new branch office in The Hague – an office geared to supporting a further strengthening of our competences and specialist expertise, and to helping IDLO further sharpen our comparative advantage.

Another major priority in the coming year will be to step up our ongoing effort to support an informed dialogue at the national, regional and global levels to enable governments share experiences, and to build awareness and knowledge of critical elements of the rule of law – women's access to justice certainly among them – and of ways to maximize their contribution to progress in building peace and advancing sustainable development. Disseminating learning from our programmes will continue to be an important component of this effort.

Although IDLO is in an overall healthy financial situation, our donor base, particularly for flexible funds, remains rather narrow, continuing to rely on a handful of donor countries, with Italy and the Netherlands in the lead. We hope that our performance record, together with our readiness to continue to improve and reform, will lead to a broadening of our donor base and will encourage a larger number of countries to invest in the organization.

Meanwhile, there are promising developments in our ongoing effort to widen our membership. Beyond membership, our engagement with governments – both member parties and non-members – is progressively expanding, and we expect it to further deepen in the year ahead.

We look forward to the further guidance of your Committee – the General Assembly Legal Committee – both in orienting the thrust of our rule of law activities, and in strengthening our partnerships with the UN and the wider international community.

Thank you Mr. Chairman.

The International Development Law Organization (IDLO) enables governments and empowers people to reform laws and strengthen institutions to promote peace, justice, sustainable development and economic opportunity.