

CHART AGAINST DELIVERY.



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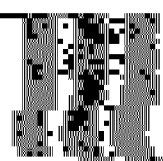
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Mr. Chairman,

Let me start by thanking the Chairman of the International Law

in document A/73/10. I would like to take this opportunity to commend the Commission for its work during its seventieth session and the progress achieved in many and different areas.

special rapporteurs for their contributions to the work of the

Mozambique is happy to see that the commemorative events of the

Commission are taking place in Geneva and New York, under the auspices of the United Nations and different Members States. This anniversary is an historic occasion for all Members States to review and recognize the valuable work and mandate of the International Law Commission within the United Nations system.

We believe that interaction that has existed during seventy years between the Sixth Committee and the Commission has proved very beneficial for both, so much as it contributes to mutual dialogue between the two on all legal matters that concerns the international community.

Nevertheless, we do recognize that there is naturally scope for improvement on certain issues. We continue to believe that the time between the publication of the Commission report and that of its consideration at the Sixth Committee remains relatively short,

imperative from which no derogation is permitted by any way of particular agreements. It stems from the idea that certain legal rules cannot be contracted out, given the fundamental values they uphold.

~~It is clear that these norms are positioned in the very first place within~~

~~principles of the whole international legal order and as such they~~

restrict the sovereign authority of any State.

Principles contained in the United Nations Charter, the prohibition of the use of force between states, the prohibition of slavery, racial discrimination, torture, genocide as well as people's right to self-determination among others are considered to be peremptory norms