



**PERMANENT MISSION OF THE REPUBLIC OF  
SIERRA LEONE TO THE UNITED NATIONS**

**STATEMENT**

by

**H.E.MR SOLOMON JAMIRU**

**Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation**

**to the**

**Sixth Committee of the United Nations General Assembly Seventy**

**Fourth**

**“The Rule of Law on National and International Levels”**

**Agenda Item 83**

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Attorney-general and Minister of Justice. The framework for the restatement of customary law has been conceptualized with the objective of codifying the common elements into a national common law system. In accelerating action for justice for all, a centre for justice innovation has been proposed to collect and use justice data for policy formulation and decision-making.

**Chair,**

Sierra Leone continues to share her experience on the important issue of accountability for serious crimes committed under international law. The introduction of the dual and simultaneous transitional justice mechanism of the Truth and Reconciliation Commission and Special Court for Sierra Leone in the aftermath of our civil conflict 20 years ago has ensured our political and governance stability - with accountability for those 'who bore the greatest responsibility', truth telling, to forestall revis ( pol) (bi)6.ducme (w)-6.6y6.6 (i)6.6 (on of)4.4 ( t)e ( pd our)4.4 ( .9 (s)41 (c)

**Chair,**

With respect to our national effort in the fight against corruption, we have articulated a new National Anti-Corruption Strategy (2019 – 2023) that takes a different approach in the fight against corruption focusing on enforcement. The strategy includes

justice for the most vulnerable and marginalized, Sierra Leone’s Attorney General

