Information from Sweden on the Status of the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 relating to the protection of victims of armed conflict, pursuant to General Assembly resolution 73/204 of 20 December 208

In accordance with General Assetution 73/204 of 20 December 201& š]šo ^^š šµ• }(šZ Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of CEu }v(o]š•\_U^Á v Z CE Ç•µ u]š• šZ (}oo}Á]vP ]v(}CEu š]}vX

1. Sweden has been **app** to the first and second Protocol Additional to the Geneva Conventions since 1979, and has reported continuously on the implementation and developmi**eterof** humanitarian law (IHLt) the UN Secretary General in accordance with the abov**eioned** resolution since 1994, in the latest report from 2016. The following information supplements previous reports.

2. Strengthening compliance with IHL is a core priority for Swanden the national implementation of IHL is an important part of the overall compliance effores were to promote cooperation between national and international actors to initiate national prosecution for violation between possible. Sweder o-

went into force with respect to Sweden on 10 February 2018. In line with this ratification, the Swedish Act on criminal responsibility for genocide, crimes againstantity and war crimes (2014:40@) s subject to a minor amendment related to property in order for it to align with the obligations under the Second Protocol to the Hague Convention.

7. Swedenstrongly supportshe universalization of the trans Trade Treaty (T). Sweden contributes with funds to UNSCAR, Control Arms and the ATT Voluntary Trust Fund in their work to promote and assist in the implementation of the ATT. Sweden strongly supports the EU in its proparates to ensure AT implementation.

8. Sweden is a state party to both the Convention on Cluster Munitions and the Associated Mine Ban Convention and fulfil our obligations. Sweden has also provided support to several initiatives from various oganizations on mine action programs, including policy, information campaigns and clearance assistance.

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10. In June 2016, Sweden was elected as approximate number of the UN Security Council for îìíó v îìíôX ^Á v[•švµCE }v šZ }µv ]o ]• (]ŒuoÇ Œ}}š ]v šZ international law, including IHL, as well as human rights, gendeitequal humanitarian principles. Sweden has contributed to efforts to strengthen IHL and accountability for violations of IHL in the vnhainprioritiesconcerningHLduring its time as a member of the Security Council Council.^ Á washumanitarian accessthe protection of medical personnel, and tegrating a gender perspective • }( /,> }vš]vµ • š} ^ Á on IHLX d Z • Œ v[• u ]v ‰ Œ]}Œ]š] •X

11. Sweden participated actively in the 33rd International Conference of the Red Cross and Red Crescent in 2019 and welcomed the adoption of the resolutions of the conference. Six resolutions Á CE } ‰ š U ] v o µ ] v P Z • } o µ š ] v í W ^ for the formattor allow CE } u ] u ‰ o u vš š] v { [vš OEvš] } v o Z µ u v]š OE ] v o Á \_ X ^ Á v o• } i } ] v number of IHLOE o š } v • USt requisited ing/compliance with international humanitarian law through its promotion, dissemination and ‰ o u vš sProtectible humanitarian and medical ‰ OE • } and & W OE } š ] v { (šZ E šµ OE o vÀ] OE } v u vš Î@\, v voÇäš\_