

Resumed 78 session of the United Nations General Assembly Sixth Committee: Agenda iter80 crimes against humanityt Recommendation

1

™ILL___

Permanent Mission of Australia to the United Nations

0 East 42nd Street, New York NY 1666121+1 (212) 35-6600 <u>australiaUN@dfat.gov.a</u>u

www.unny.mission.gov.a



Permanent Mission of Australia to the United Nations



The General Assemblyas decided that the Sixth Committewill take a decision on this matter at itspcoming79th session, without prejudice to what that decisionwill be.

As momentum buildtowards this decision, ANZ has carefully eviewed and listened to } š Z @Tew[sthroughout this process]. We take the opportunity v } Á š } CE •• • } u < µ • š] } v • š Z š Z À CE] • v CE F recommendation to elaborate a convention on the basisheef draft articles.

First, some delegations have sought clarity on what we mean when we say there aregaps in the current international legal frameworthat a convention on crimes against humanity would close.

At the highest level, the gap is simply that are is no comprehensive international convention that requires States to prevent and punish crimes against humanity as there is for genocide and war crimes

Permanent Mission of Australia to the United Nations

) East 42nd Street, New York NY 1006721+1 (212) 35-6600 laustraliaUN@dfat.gov.au



In the absence of a comprehensive international treaty, gaps and ambiguity in the international law regulating these heinous crimeend frameworks to supportinternational cooperation in that regard will remain.

And those gaps lead **to**pportunities for impunity.

There is an especially compelling need to fill these gaps with the test legal certainty for crimes against humanity.

Experience has demonstrated and the principle of legality requires that when it comes to suppressing punishing international crimes, it is critical š } Z À o Œ (]v]š] }v v •š v Œ u]v]uµu (0 obligations Tm 0 g 0 G [(Experien)7(ce has)4(demonst)4(rated)] TJ ET Q (

Permanent Mission of Australia to the United Nations

) East 42nd Street, New York NY 1956721+1 (212) 3546600 l<u>australiaUN@dfat.gov.a</u>u

www.unny.mission.gov.a

Second, we note some States have argued the mbatting impunity for the commission of crimes against humanity does rectuire a new convention, but rathergreaterc apacity at the national level

CANZacknowledge the need to strengthen national capabilities to prevent, investigate, prosecutand punish crimes against humanity, and the calls from many delegations for assistance in doing so.

In our view, assessing and addressing gaps at the national level is by no means mutually exclusive to the elaboration of an international convention. In fact, the two are necessapomplements to one another.

A convention t which is designed precisely **ton**powerStates to fulfil their primary responsibility to prevent and punish crimes against humanity that occur within their jurisdictiont could provide anew, catalytic basis to strengthen international cooperation and builds <code>š •[]v À •š]P š]Å Uprosecutorial and judicial capite in that regard</code>

Permanent Mission of Australia to the United Nations 150 East 42nd Street, New York NY 1656721+1 (212) 35-6600 [australiaUN@dfat.gov.a

www.unny.mission.gov.a



Third, wenote some States have suggested tbatthe basis ofhe draft articles a convention would imposimappropriate obligations on States that infringeupontheir sovereignty

->

MLU_

Permanent Mission of Australia to the United Nations

0 East 42nd Street, New York NY 1668721+1 (212) 356600 <u>australiaUN@dfat.gov.</u>au



CANZ is firmly of the view that this is not necessStates are everbound, in any treaty negotiation to remain within the confines dexisting customary international law.

As outlined in the ILC commentaries objective of the draft articles was not to codify existing law an&ate practice. It was to draft provisions that would be both effective and lety acceptable t&ates based on provisions often used in widely adhereto treaties addressing international crimes, as a basis for a possible future convention.

CANZ considers that the ILC has achieved this very objective.

In conclusionCANZemains convinced thathere is apressing and compelling needto close the impunity gap in the internation ad framework by commencing negotiations on a convention prevention and punishment of crimes against humanity

Permanent Mission of Australia to the United Nations 150 East 42nd Street, New York NY 19**587**21+1 (212) 35-6600 l<u>australiaUN@dfat.gov.au</u> www.unny.mission.gov.au

™Щ.....



TZ ^] Æ š Z } unobjušsšen gagement on the draft articledemonstrates that States are ready toroceed tonegotiationson the basis of themwhich would provide the opportunity and forum for resolution of any remaining divergences in views on the text.

E• šΖ Œ (}Œ •šŒ}vPoÇ •쉉}Œš• šΖ /> [• Œ

"∎<u>U</u>uu

Our delegations continue to stand ready to engage constructively with all member States to come togeth**at** the upcoming79th sessioron a path forward to advance thismportant goal.

Thank you.

Permanent Mission of Australia to the United Nations 150 East 42nd Street, New York NY 19**587**21+1 (212) 35-6600 <u>australiaUN@dfat.gov.au</u> www.uppy.mission.gov.au