

## Statement by Mr. Adama Dieng, United Nations Special Adviser on the Prevention of Genocide, and Ms. Jennifer Welsh, United Nations Special Adviser on the Responsibility to Protect, on the situation in the Central African Republic

(New York, 01 October 2013) The United Nations Special Advisers on the Prevention of Genocide, Mr. Adama Dieng, and on the Responsibility to Protect, Ms. Jennifer Welsh, expressed their deep concern over the deterioration in the situation in the Central African Republic, and called on the national transitional authorities to take urgent measures to protect the population against the risk of atrocity crimes and to restore the rule of law and public order. They also urged the international community to support regional initiatives by the African Union and the Economic Community of Central African States aimed at protecting the population and preventing further abuses.

The two Special Advisers referred to the continued reports of gross human rights violations committed in different parts of the country since the Séléka coalition seized power in March 2013. These have included the deliberate killing of civilians, acts of sexual violence against women and children, and the destruction and looting of property, including hospitals, schools and churches. According to the recent report issued by the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights on the "Situation of human rights in the Central Africa Republic" (A/HRC/24/59), most of these violations appear to have been committed by Séléka soldiers, acting with impunity. Transitional authorities have failed to take adequate measures to prevent further abuses.

"While the international community has yet to engage in a concerted way to prevent

The Special Advisers added that "while the