

Case No. 2010-160

Luvai

Counsel for Appellant: David Andati-Amwayi

Counsel for Respondent: Wambui Mwangi

Judgment No. 2011-UNAT-167

JUDGE MARK P. PAINTER, Presiding.

### Synopsis

1. Mr. Moses Jaika Luvai asks us to review a judgment of the former Administrative Tribunal. As the United Nations Appeals Tribunal (Appeals Tribunal) has consistently held, this Court lacks statutory authority to revise judgments of the former Administrative Tribunal. <sup>1</sup> This appeal is thus not receivable.

#### **Facts and Procedure**

- 2. Mr. Luvai joined the United Nations O ffice in Nairobi (UNON) as a Security Officer at the G-3 level in May 1996. In August 1999, Mr. Luvai went on an assignment with the United Nations Mission in Koso vo (UNMIK), where he remained until May 2003. In October 2004 his title was changed to Security Sergeant and in January 2005 he was promoted to the G-5 level.
- 3. In September 2002, while on leave from UNMIK, Mr. Luvai visited UNON during which time he was provided with a locker in which he claims to have left certain personal items and valuables prior to returning to UNMIK on 12 October 2002. Mr. Luvai later learned that during his absence his locker was opened without his consent by the Security and Safety Section, as the lockers were needed for newly recruited security officers.
- 4. On 1 April 2003, Mr. Luvai returned from UNMIK and went to retrieve the items that he had left behind in his locker, only to discover that the locker and the items were missing. On 28 August 2003, after approach

### THE UNITED NATIONS APPEALS TRIBUNAL

Judgment No. 2011-UNAT-167

rejected Mr. Luvai's appeal but took no action on the JAB's recommendation that the case be referred to the Compensation Claims Committee (CCC).

- 6. In August 2006, Mr. Luvai applied to the former Administrative Tribunal requesting that the Secretary-General's decision be seaside and that he be awarded compensation.
- 7. On 30 January 2009, the former Administra tive Tribunal issued Judgment No. 1421 and held that the proper venue for this action was the CCC. Mr. Luvai filed a request for revision of the former Administrative Tribunal's decision on 27 February 2009.
- 8. Following the former Administrative Tribun al's abolishment on 31 December 2009,

Judgment No. 2011-UNAT-167

Tribunal (now UNAT). In the interest of justice, UNAT should be [the] appropriate Tribunal to entertain this case for Judicial Review. Not [the] UNDT."

- 13. Mr. Luvai further contends that the United Nations General Assembly erred in fact and in law in not considering the jurisprudence from *Gomes* when adopting paragraph 45 of General Resolution 63/253 of 23 February 2009 regarding the transfer of cases, thereby rendering the transfer of cases from the former Administrative Tribunal illegal.
- 14. Mr. Luvai requests that the 8 November 2010 delayed submission of his appeal, after the 4 November 2010 deadline, be considered timely because of his counsel's certified three-day medical leave of absence, which started on 3 November 2010.
- 15. Mr. Luvai requests that his appeal be considered receivable; that this Tribunal set aside Judgment UNDT/2010/166; declare that the UNDT lacks jurisdiction and competence to review decisions from the former Administrative Tribunal; and that his case be transferred to, and heard by, the Appeals Tribunal.

### Secretary-General's Answer

- 16. The Secretary-General contends that Mr. Luvai, by filing on 8 November 2010 rather than by 4 November 2010, did not file his appeal within 45 days of the receipt of the UNDT Judgment. Seeing that Mr. Luvai did not seek an extension of time to file his appeal and that the Appeals Tribunal has been "strictly enforcing, and will continue to strictly enforce, the various time limits", <sup>3</sup> Mr. Luvai's appeal should be considered time-barred.
- 17. The Secretary-General also submits that under the Statute of the Dispute Tribunal and in accordance with its jurisprudence in *Lesar*<sup>4</sup> and *Fagundes*<sup>5</sup>, as upheld by the Appeals Tribunal, the UNDT correctly decided that it does not have jurisdiction to review judgments from the former Admini strative Tribunal.

18.

# THE UNITED NATIONS APPEALS TRIBUNAL

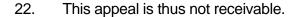
Judgment No. 2011-UNAT-167

UNDT's decision that it lacks jurisdiction. Mr . Luvai focuses his argument on the fact that "the General Assembly, [the Secretary-General] and the Secretary of the Administrative Tribunal" committed errors of law and fact and further claims that the Appeals Tribunal is the appropriate venue for the judicial review of a decision by the former Administrative Tribunal.

19. The Secretary-General submitsthat, udic Tc 0 Twa379 Tw [(T5 paraan28that, )-0013(s),o.213(s)s-4.9

Judgment No. 2011-UNAT-167

# Judgment



Original and authoritative version: English

Dated this 21st day of October 2011 inNew York, United States.

(Signed) (Signed)

Judge Painter, Presiding Judge Garewal Judge Courtial

Entered in the Register on this 2<sup>nd</sup> day of December 2011 in New York, United States.

(Signed)

Weicheng Lin, Registrar