UNAT/1688

Judgment No.: UNDT/2011/086

Date: 20 May 2011

Original: English

Before: Judge Nkemdilim Izuako

Registry: Nairobi

Registrar: Jean-Pelé Fomété

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SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS

JUDGMENT

Counsel for Applicant: Bart Willemsen, OSLA

Counsel for Respondent: Susan Maddox, ALS/OHRM, UN Secretariat

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Applicant was charged with failing to file financial disclosurestatement for 2005 and, in particular, violating StaffRegulations 1.2(b), 1.2(n), sec. 10.1 of ST/SGB/2006/6 (Financial disclosure dandeclaration of interest statements) (implementing staff regulation 1.2(n)) and staff rule 101.2(b). The Applicant submitted a response to the charges on 3 November 2007.

8. In his response to the charge lettee, Applicant stated that he did not meet the requirements due to the pressure of k and technical difficulties in submitting the financial disclosure form online and that he had submitted a complete financial disclosure for 2005 as Weas disclosures for 2006 and 2007. By a memorandum dated 25 March 2008, the Officer-in-Charge for OHRM referred the case to the hoc JDC.

JDC Review

- 9. The JDC Panel was established 10th July 2008 and held its hearing on 6 August 2008. The Panel transmitted its Reprotente Secretary-General on 3 October 2008. The Panel unanimously found that Applicant failed to comply with his obligations under the Staff Regulations dathat he failed to present convincing evidence of his good faith efforts to complyth his obligations. Taking into account the fact that the Applicant apprted responsibility for this allure and that he worked in one of the most hazardous fields sibns, the Panel unanimously recommended that the Applicant: receive a written ceres from the Secretary-General for his failure to fulfil his obligations under the Starules; that the Applicant instruct him to file his 2005 disclosure statement by available means within one week of his documented receipt of the letter notify him of the decision of the Secretary-General; and should the Applicant fail to fulfil the above-mentioned requirements, that his employment with the Organization be terminated.
- 10. On 30 January 2009, the Deputy Secretare linformed the Applicant that the Secretary-General had examined case in light of the JDC's findings, conclusions and recommendations, as well as the entire record and the totality of the

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JDC suggesting separation shouthe Applicant fails submit the finacial disclosure statement within one week of receing the Secretary-General's decision.

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21. The disciplinary measure imposed times case does not correspond to the wrong done. From the outset of the disciplin proceedings, the Applicant took full responsibility for the situation; he aidted his failure to submit the financial disclosure form and expressed regrehaiving done so. In turn, the JDC found that he had failed to present convincing evidence is good faith efforts to comply with his obligations, a finding which he does are tept as accurate as he did in fact make good faith efforts but failed to recure direct evidence of the same. His compliance with the financial disclosure obligation for the reporting periods of 2006 and 2007 adds considerable weight the veracity of his claim that he did in fact make good faith efforts to submit the required disclosustatement for the period of 2005.

22. The purpose of staff regulation 1.2(is) to certify that the assets and example the purpose of staff regulation 1.2(is) to certify that the assets and example the purpose of staff regulation 1.2(is) to certify that the assets and example the purpose of staff regulation 1.2(is) to certify that the assets and example the purpose of staff regulation 1.2(is) to certify that the assets and example the purpose of staff regulation 1.2(is) to certify that the assets and example the purpose of staff regulation 1.2(is) to certify that the assets and example the purpose of staff regulation 1.2(is) to certify that the assets and example the purpose of staff regulation 1.2(is) to certify that the assets and example the purpose of staff regulation 1.2(is) to certify that the assets and example the purpose of staff regulation 1.2(is) to certify that the assets and example the purpose of staff regulation 1.2(is) to certify the staff regulation 1.2(is) to certify the purpose of staff regulation 1.2(is) to certify the staff regulation 1.2(is) to ce

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This failure does not conspond to the disciplinary sanction imposed. A lesser sanction or even an administrative impand would have been appropriate and proportionate considering the mitigating circ

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ST/SGB/2006/6 for two consecutive periodspote repeated reminders, that the said staff member be reprimanded. The Applicanther claims that within a week from the date of the decision that he be reprinted, the staff member was promoted to the level of Assistant Secreta-General. Considering this ecision, the Applicant does not consider that the position taken by trespondent in respect to his case was entirely correct and/holly proportionate.

- 28. In Judgment No. UNDT/2010/171 of 24p8æmber 2010, Meerauhheld that in exercising judgment on the proportionality a disciplinary sanction, it would be necessary to ensure that the principleconfisistency is applied and that where staff members commit the same or broadly similatences, in general, the penalty should be the same, not necessarily idenţicalut with a very narrow range of appropriateness.
- 29. The Applicant requests the reporting period of 2005 and rescind the impugned decision.

Respondent's Case

- 30. The Respondent's submissigne summarized as follows:
- 31. The Secretary-General has broad discornet iith regard to disciplinary matters and this includes determined ws16ising his si/[(1.685 23u8TJ 17.Tw i n.0097lint'sud) w raequ find

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33. Regarding the Applicant's arguments at the Secretary-General's decision erred in law, the Respondent submits the Applicant has put forward a wholly inaccurate representation of the Secre General's decision and that the decision states in relevant part as follows:

the Secretary-General considers thyatu should receive an appropriate sanction and considers a censure as mmended by the JDC is not sufficient but that in view of the existence of a number of mitigating factors in this case, separation from service on the disproportionate.

- 34. The Secretary-General's decision donest reflect the presumption that all forms of misconduct lead to dismissabless mitigating circumstances can be identified. It simply sets out the paratrenes used by the Secretary-General in the present case only, in determining the appletopredisciplinary measure to be imposed for the misconduct found speicially that, in the Applicant's case, a censure was not sufficient and separation from serviceswite severe in view of the mitigating factors. Accordingly, the Respondent submitted the Secretar General's decision was not an error in law but a fully validaterise of his discretionary authority.
- 35. The Applicant failed to submit a 2005 national disclosure form (with an initial submission deadline of 30 June 2006 pen by April 2008, after referral of his case to the JDC. This is a time lapse of two years. Such failure was despite: repeated reminders from the Ethics Coeffi the Applicant being under threat of disciplinary action for a year and a halfid, by the Applicant's own admission that the form would have taken five to terminutes to produce. Such failure by the Applicant to comply with his obligations emonstrates a blatant, conscious and repeated violation of the taff Regulations and Rule Accordingly, the Respondent submits that the Secretary-General's sleer to impose on the Applicant a fine of two months' net base salary, rather the written censure recommended by the JDC, was entirely correct, wholly proportion between the Applicant's offence and a fully valid exercise of his discretionary authority.

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again very close to the ideal 'rationally connected'. In $Aqel^4$, the Appeals Tribunal held that it having established misconduct three deriousness of thin cident, it could not review the level of the sanction imposed to a decision falls within the remit of the Commissioner General and can only reviewed by the Appeals Tribunal in cases of obvious absurdity that grant arbitrariness.

44. The Respondent's submission is that towoonths' net base beary is a decision that was within the power of the Secret-General to impose and there was no obvious absurdity or flagrant arbitrarine-bests was in keeping with the only case in existence at the time of the sanction-ion-fighthe Applicant and where the Applicant received a sanction of demotion and two-norths' net base salary fine. In January 2009, future cases were not relevant for ion-best salary fine as submission of a sanction that was imposed on the applicant's submission should not be taken intercount by the Tribunal.

45. The Respondent, therefore, requests Tribunal to dismiss all of the Applicant's pleas and to dismisset Application in its entirety.

Consideration

- 46. The issues arising for determination in this case are:
 - a. Whether the sanction imposed on Applicant for failing to file his financial disclosure on time was proportionate;
 - b. Whether there were any mitigating fors in existence that prevented the Applicant from filing his inancial disclosure on time;
 - c. What the practice of the Secretægneral is or has been in cases of non-compliance with the financial disclosure rules; and

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⁴ 2010-UNAT-040.

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57. The Tribunal finds that the **sm**ionduct established in former UN Administrative Tribunal Judgment No. 1490 whas much graver than in the present case. The facts in the two cases are neighborhood nor comparable. The said case is not a proper comparator to the presente. The Tribunal furtherinds that, in the present case, the Secretary-General failed the into account the various mitigating factors in favour of the Applicant when the termining the sanction against him. The disciplinary sanction imposed on the Applicant was much more excessive than was necessary for obtaining the desired purpose the financial disclosure program in this case.

Equality of Treatment of all United Nations Staff Members

- 58. In Sanwidi⁵, the Tribunal recalled the principles equality of treatment which should be applied to all UN eprhoyees in conformity with the Staff Regulations and Rules, with previous decisions the Appeals Tribunal and fact that equality of treatment in the workplace ascore principle recognized promoted by the United Nations. Simply presented, the principle of equality requires that those in like cases should be treated alike. In UNDT Judgment No. 171 of 2010, it was held that the proportionality of a disciplinar penalty is a matter of judgment. In exercising such judgment, it would be necessary to ensubred, amongst other matters, the principle of consistency is applied. This means that where staff members commit the same or broadly similar offences, in general, thenalty should be the the proportional but within a very narrow range of appropriateness.
- 59. In the present case, the Tribunal fithest the disciplinary measure that would fall within a "very narrowrange of appropriateness" would be a reprimand.

Findings

60. In view of the foregoing, a summarytbe Tribunal's findings are as follows:

⁵ UNDT/2010/036.

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a. The Applicant made good faith efforts to comply with his financial

disclosure obligations for 2005.

b. The Secretary-General failed treake into account the various

mitigating factors in favour of the policant when determining the sanction

against him.

c. The disciplinary sanction imposed on the Applicant was far more

excessive than was necessary for airright the desired purposes of the

financial disclosure program.

d. The appropriate disciplinary meas in the present case should be a

reprimand.

Conclusion

In view of its findings, the Tribunal:

a. Rescinds the impugned decision.

b. Awards the Applicant two months' net base salary at the rate

applicable at the date when the impugned decision was taken.

(Signed)

Judge Nkemdilim Izuako

Dated this 20 day of May 2010

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Entered in the Register on this that of May 2010

(Signed)

Jean-Pelé Fomété, Registrar, UNDT, Nairobi