Registry: Nairobi Registrar: Abena KwakyeBerko OWENS v. SECRETARYGENERAL		UNITED NATIONS DISPUTE TRIBUNAL	Case No.: JudgmentNo. Date: Original:	UNDT/NBI/2014/058 UNDT/2016/074 13 June2016 English
Registrar: Abena KwakyeBerko OWENS v.	E re:	JudgeVinod Boolell		
OWENS v.	Registry:	Nairobi		
v.	Registrar:	Abena KwakyeBerko		
		OWENS		
SECRETARYGENERAL		V.		

Introduction and Procedural History

1. The Applicant holds a fixed erm appointment with the United Nations. He is currently an InformationTechnologyAssistant at the United Nations Organization Stabilization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (MONUSCA) serves at the FS level and is based in Goma, Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC).

2. On 2 July 2014, the Applicant filed an Application with the United Nations Dispute Tribunal in Nairobi challenginghe decisiondenying him the lumpsum relocation grant for the shipment of hpicersonal effects on being reassigned from Kinshasa to Goma in 2014.

3. The Respondent replied to the Application on 5 August 2**The**. Applicant filed his comments in response to the Respondent's Reply on 11 August 2014.

4. The Tribunal held a case managemetistcussion in this matter on 18 February 2015 during the course of which the Tribunal urged the Parties to consider informal resolution of the dispute.

5. On 20 March 2015, the Parties filed a motion seeking additional time for their ongoing informal settleent discussions. On 23 March 2015, the Tribunal issued Order No. 09 (NBI/2015) granting the motion.

6. On 29 April 2015, the Parties jointly informed the Tribunal that the informal discussions hadfailed to resolve the dispute between them and requested the matter proceed before the Tribunal.

7. On 13 May 2015the Tribunal issued Order No62 (NBI/2015) ordering the Parties to inter alia, jointly file a concise statement of facts and identify the legal issues arising from those facts for determination they Tribunal and to notify the

8. On the evening of 15 June 2015, the Parties filed a motion requesting that the deadline be extended up to Friday, 19 June 2015.

9. On 17 June 2015, the ribunal issued Order No. 99(NBI/2015) granted the motion, and extended the deadline as requested by the Parties.

10. The Parties filed a joint statement of facts on 20 June 2015. The Applicant submitted that the matter could be decided on the papers **tviamoo**ral hearing because the legal issues arising for determination are technical. The Respondent sought an oral hearing in order to proffer a witness from the Office of Human

15. The Applicant was requested to contact the Movement Control Section (MOVCON) in order to make all the necessary arrangements, including the shipment of all his personal effects p to a maximum of 100 & ilograms to his new duty station

16. The Applicant was advised that he would be entitled to the payment of an Assignment Grantcomprising a lump sum of one month's net base salary, plus post adjustment, and thirty days Daily Subsistence Allowance (DSA).

17. The Applicant was also informed that he would not be eligible for Relocation Grant as his reassignment was within the same **m**issio

Applicant's submissions

18. Staff are entitled to "official travel" "on change of official duty station"

19. Pursuant tostaff rule 7.15, a reimbursement mechanism is providerdthe shipment of personal effects and household goods upon "assignment"

20. Under staff rule 7.15(h) and (i)these entitlements are governed by the nature of the appointment (temporary or fixedrm) and the duration of the relocation. The amounts can either be 100 kgs/0.62m3 for shoteteen appointments and moves, or a full relocation.

21. Pursuant to this scheme, the Administration established-**sum** pequivalents of the "relocation grant³."

Case No. UNDT/NBI/204/058 Judgment new assignment. Since staff members do not incur transportation costs when they move intramission, there is no basis for payment of a lump signifieu of reimbursement of transportation costs.

27. The mission offered the Applicant the opportunity to transport his personal effects at no cost to him by nited Nations Transport to Goma-le declined the offer. He cannot claim a relocation grain tlieu of reimbursement of costs, when did not have to incur any costs. At all times, MONUSCO undertook to transport the Applicant's personal effects to his new duty station.

28. ST/AI/2006/5 implementsstaff rule 7.15. Section 11 of ST/AI/2006/5 providesstaff members with the right to opt between their right to reimbursement of costs undestaff rule 7.15(d) and a lump suim lieu of reimbursement of the actual costs incurred.

29. The relocation grant open is a lump sum payment lieu of the entitlement to reimbursement for costs incurred in the technique of personal effect/s/here a staff member opts for payment of a lums pm relocation grant, the staff member waives his/her normal entitlement to reimbour for the costs of shipment of personal effects under the Staff Rules. The staff member agrees to accept full responsibility for arrangements relating to the shipment of personal effects as well as for the costs related to and resulting from the simpent of personal effects including, but not limited to, customs charges, insurance claims and damage to personal effects

30. In circumstances where the Organization ships the unaccompanied personal effects of staff members, the right to reimbursement ustate frule 7.15(d) does not arise because the staff member will not incur any costs. Since the right to reimbursement does not arise, a staff member cannot elect to receive a relocation grantin lieu of this right.

31. On 7 January 2007, OHRM issued the OHRM idelines on Relocation Grant (OHRM Guidelines). The Guidelines state in paragraph 5 as follows:

shipment of personal effects for within ission transfers, even if the within ission transfer is to a different country within the mission area.

37. The Applicants argument thatthe Guidelines and the FPD Guidance unlawfully supplement the policy regarding relocation grant and/or the deteiominat of how it is to be implemented as no merit. Staffrule 7.15(d) clearly states that staff members have a right to reimbursement for costs incurred for unaccompanied shipments. Section 11.1 of ST/AI/2006/5 provides that a staff member may opt for lump sum payment of relocation grant in lieu of reimbursement for the costs of an unaccompanied shipment of personal effects. There is no provision that allows a staff member to claim a relocation grant where there are no costs that may be incurred and, consequetly, no reimbursement that could be during Guidelines and FPD guideon I20 0 0 rg 0.9(e)

45. Section 11.1bf ST/AI/2006/5statedthat:

But these Guidelines cannot replace thearclerovisions of an Administrative Issuanceor Staff Rule.

51. This principle has been discusseend applied both by the Dispute and Appeals Tribunals several cases

52. In Asariotis 2015/UNAT-496, the Courtheld that arInstructional Manual for the Hiring Manager on the Staff Selection Systemes not have legal force. The Appeals Tribunal observed:

"[R]ules, policies or procedures intended for general application may only be established by duly promulgated Secretaryneral's bulletins and administrativesisuances.^{1,2}

53. Similarly, in Verschuul³ the Appeals Tribunal stated thestaff Selection Guidelines and the Guide to Workflow and Rules for Processing Vacancies in Galaxy, are "merely comments and guidelines issued with *i*ew to facilitate the implementation of the applicable law. Those comments agdidelines can in no way prevail over the administrative instruction

54. In Masthour¹⁴, the Appeals Tribunal held thathe principle of legislative hierarchy determined inVillamoran¹⁵ is applicable only where there a conflict between guidelines and manuals and a properly promulgated administrative issuance. In the absence of an Administrative Issuant be manual or guideline is applicable.

55. A policy that is not reflected in an administrative issuance has noblegist⁶.

56. In the case of the impugned decision at hand, the issue is not whether there

given the principle of legislative hierarchy as held by Judge Ebractionstens in Villamoran

At the top of the hierarchy of the Orgizzation's internalegislation is the Charter of theUnited Nations, followed by scolutions of the General Assembly, staffegulations, staff rules, SecretarGenerals bulletins, and administrative instructions (see Hastings UNDT/2009/030, affirmed in Hastings 2011-UNAT-109; Amar UNDT/2011/040). Information circulars, office guidelines, manuals, and memorandare at the ver bottomof this hierarchy andtack the legal authority vested in properlypromulgated administrative issuances.

57. The Tribunal concludes therefore that it was not lawful for the Administration to substitute ST/AI/2006/5 with its own Guidelines, so as to deprive the plicant of his right to opt for the relocation grant.

58. The circumstances surrounding this Application, however, fall squarely within the ambit of ST/AI/2006/5; which affords the Applicant with the right to a relocation grant.

Conclusion

59. The Tribunal orders rescission of the impugned decision.

(Signed)

JudgeVinod Boolell Dated this13th day of June 2016

Entered in the Register on thisth day of June 2016

(Signed)

Abena KwakyeBerko, Registrar Nairobi