which */% 1## million is being sought, has only recei!ed */% 71.9 million o' which */% 1> million has already been disbursed.

- \$. %r.,im ong?im.the (resident o' the 4 orld @ank Group0 obser!ed a backlash against globalisation and the multilateral system in the current political en!ironment. 2nternational organi6ations need to address aspirations and e&plain how multilateralism and the /ustainable %e!elopment Goals can contribute to prosperity.) utomation can result in the destruction o' low skilled hobs in de!eloping countries. Countries that ha!e 7>= stunting in their populations will not be competiti!e in the global economy. 2n!estments in in'rastructure, in particular with pri!ate sector in!estments, can bring higher returns and de!elopment assistance can be targeted at other priorities, including health. Countries cannot compete in the economy o' the 'uture without in!estments in health, nutrition and education. 4 ithout these in!estments, countries will 'ace the pathway o' 'ragility, !iolence, con'lict, e&tremism and then an out'low o' re'ugees.
- B. Countries will need assistance in building health systems to address multiple crises at the same time. GrantIbased support and o''icial de!elopment assistance will not be su''icient.) global concessional 'inancing mechanism pro!iding loans at #= interest can become a source o' 'inancing 'or health. 5 ther 'inancial instruments traditionally used to create wealth can also be used to 'inance health, such as insurance and bonds. (urchasing insurance 'or an annual premium o' */% <# million can create a 'und o' */% 9## million to be triggered during a health crisis.
- >. %r. ?im underscored the importance o' simulations to remind go!ernments o' the terror o' -bola and /) 3/. 2t pro!ides a good way o' testing the state o' preparedness o' systems.

Promoting compliance wit te!nternational "ealt #egulation\$

- ;. The Task Force members noted that the 2nternational Health 3 egulations require that nations establish systems 'or pre!ention, detection and response. They stressed the critical role o' communities in sur!eillance systems, noting that the detection o' risky or diseasela!oiding beha!iours can be captured through community sur!eillance. 5 nce communities ha!e been recogni6ed as the 'rontline components o' sur!eillance systems, they need to be 'inanced so that they can per'orm this 'unction e''ecti!ely.
- 1#. The Task Force members e&amined the challenges to the noti'ication o' e!ents under the 2H3, obser!ing that there is distrust on many le!els. Communities need to be con!inced that it is in their interests to report people who are ill, and potentially in'ectious, as they may 'ear being sublect to constraints as the result o' public health measures .including in!ol!ement o' security 'orces0. /imilarly, go!ernments may ha!e concerns that the noti'ication o' e!ents will ha!e an ad!erse impact on economic and political interests. The leadership and diplomatic skills o' representati!es o' international organi6ations at the country le!el will be critical to handle such an&ieties and pre!ent them 'rom being re'lected as mistrust. +ore work is needed to discourage the imposition 1 by go!ernments 1 o' unAusti'ied measures to restrict trade or tra!el during health emergencies. This should include e&ploring possibilities 'or recourse to the 4 orld Trade 5 rgani6ation dispute resolution mechanisms.
- 11. 2n'ormal materials, including global media reports, ser!e as !aluable sources o' in'ormation in sur!eillance systems. They may learn o' early1stage

- 1". The Task Force considered that the roll1out o' the 2H3 ,oint -&ternal !aluation tool marks a truly important de!elopment in e''orts to promote compliance with the 2nternational Health 3 egulations, and the speed o' roll1out in assessing countries8 compliance will be important in catalysing donor support 'or health system strengthening. 2t would be use'ul i' the , - process also incorporated quantitati!e indicators.
- 1% The Task Force noted that the GB has committed to assisting B\$ countries with achie!ing 2H3 core capacities, and e&pressed interest in the progress on this initiati!e, so that 4 H5 and other stakeholders can be aware o' those countries where 2H3 capacity risk is greatest.

'or(ing ori)ontally wit in t e *N \$y\$tem and t roug t e !+S,

- 1<. The Task Force members agreed that the *N system should operate using a hori6ontal approach at all stages o' health crisis response@ detection, pre!ention, care, support and coordination. 2n its recent trip to obser!e the response to : ika in Colombia, the 2ndependent 5 !ersight and) d!isory Committee obser!ed that some *N agencies at country le!el are competing 'or 'unds rather than working hori6ontally and interlagency coordination could be impro!ed. /trategic leadership, coupled with stakeholders@ pursuit o' common outcomes, as well as use o' upl toldate e!idence and agreed standards are required to stop a growing outbreak in its tracks and pre!ent it 'rom enlarging. The 2) /C pro!ides an important plat'orm 'or *N and non1* N stakeholders in!ol!ed in humanitarian action to come together. The 2) /C (rincipals were in the process o' 'inali6ing EFe!el 7) cti!ation (rocedures 'or 2n'ectious %isease -!entsG to guide 'uture responses by 2) /C organi6ations to large!scale in'ectious disease outbreaks, as well as to pro!ide a critical link to non12) /C public health actors through the phases o' such responses. These (rocedures were discussed during a General) ssembly brie'ing on 11 No!ember "#1\$.
- inancing c allenge\$
- 19. The Task Force members stressed the importance o' engaging ministers o' 'inance and establishing linkages between action 'or health and the in!estment o' concessional 'inance.
) ttracting 'inancing requires an impro!ed narrati!e, to pro!ide donors with a holistic and strategic !iew o' how their 'unding will be used year by year. 2t requires assurances in terms o' !alue 'or money and costle''ecti!en.31915()-15.46()-15.9574(o)10.632(c)-2.808926ieiutuse ance o' engaging

- ">. 2' e&ternal organi6ations are going to engage with communities in a sensiti!e manner, those concerned need to be aware o' how they are percei!ed. There is a perception that health crises are only addressed by the international community when they pose a threat 'or other countries or regions. Howe!er, a health crisis can emerge anywhere, within e!ery society, not Aust in low income countries. The role o' communities in health is important in all countries H whate!er the stage o' de!elopment® the promotion o' health literacy and the dissemination o' health in'ormation are needed in all settings. The nature o' communities has e!o!!ed o!er time with increased urbanisation, changes in social structures and internal and international migration. Further work is needed to understand the nature o' di''erent types o' communities including the way in which in'ormation is communicated within and between di''erent communities and where 'ragility, in'luence and resilience may lie.
- ";. The Task Force members stressed the need to ha!e clear indicators 'or measuring the engagement o' communities. 5 ne indicator suggested is the participation o' women in the response. 2n northleastern Thailand, i' the chair o' a community clinic is a man, then the !icelchair must be a woman.
- 7#. The need to ha!e sustained 'inancing 'or community engagement was noted. For e&le, when countries graduate 'rom eligibility 'or assistance 'rom the Global Fund to Fight) 2% /, Tuberculosis and + alaria, there are concerns that the support 'or NG5s will be cut. There is a long term need 'or the engagement o' ci!il society and media in health crisis responses. The potential 'or intensi!e engagement by communities has to be institutionali6ed H 'or e&le, the skills associated with community ownership and engagement can be incorporated in the training o' emergency medical teams.

Summary of Second Quarterly Meeting (11 November 2016)

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Summary of Second Quarterly Meeting (11 November 2016)

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