Commission on the Status of Women Fifty-second session New York, 25 February – 7 March 2008

#### INTERACTIVE EXPERT PANEL

"Capacity-building for mainstreaming a gender perspective in the development, implementation and evaluation of national economic policies and programmes and budgets"

**Presentation\*** 

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Nations.

# How do DAC statistics measure gender equality focused aid

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## How do DAC statistics measure gender equality focused aid?

#### 1. CRS reporting on aid activities

#### 2. Monitoring of aid flows targeting gender equality

Sector code for Women's equality organisations and institutions

Gender equality policy marker:

- Methodology and definition
- Data presentation and interpretation
- Quality of reporting, coverage



### The CRS: a source for internationally



# Monitoring of aid flows targeting gender equality and women's empowerment





## Gender equality policy marker: reporting method

- In their reporting to the DAC, donors are requested to indicate for each individual activity whether or not it targets gender equality as one of its policy objectives.
- Scoring system:

2 Principal objective

1+2 = Gender equality focused aid



## **Examples of gender equality focused aid activities reported to the CRS, in 2005-2006**

			Amount
Donor	Recipient	Project title	USD '000 Sector



## Gender equality policy marker: data presentation and interpretation

- The marker gives an indication of the policy objective of aid activities. Less than the full value of the activity targets the gender-equality objective.
- Examples that follow illustrate



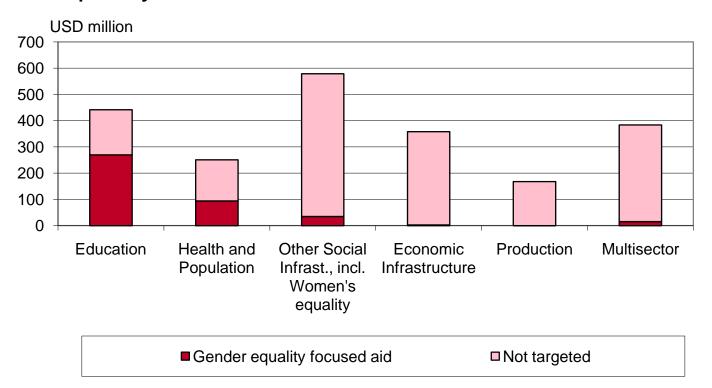
## Illustration 1: gender equality focused aid to education, selected DAC members 1999-2003

• The marker provides an **interval**, and amounts of aid actually targeting the objective are



## Illustration 2: gender equality focus by sector, Netherlands 2004-2005

 Marker data allow comparison across sectors of the extent to which donors aid programmes are targeted to gender equality





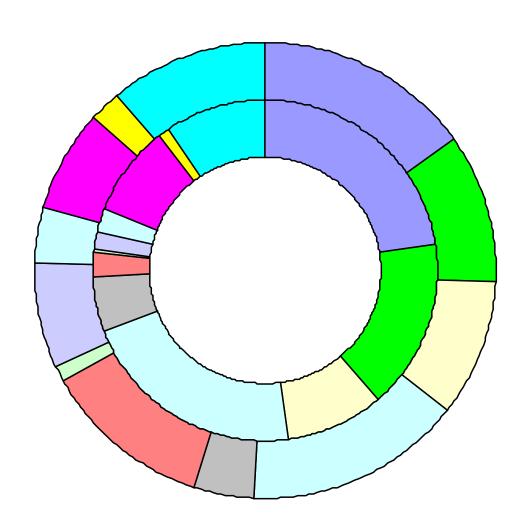
## Illustration 3: top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid, Denmark 2004-2005

 Marker data allow examination of the gender equality focused aid UeJETŒ2005

	USD million	share in sector allocable aid
Uganda	59	72%
Bolivia	49	90%
Benin	43	44%
Kenya	26	55%
Burkina Faso	24	30%
Viet Nam	18	23%
Nepal	17	89%
Nicaragua	16	20%
Zambia	11	24%
Sudan	10	<b>55%</b>



# Illustration 4: Gender equality focus of bilateral ODA by sector, 2004-2005





# Which donors report to the CRS, and on the gender equality policy marker?

#### DAC members

Reporting to the CRS is mandatory for DAC members, and all do report.

Sixteen members report on the gender equality policy marker. Each member's statistics are summarised in standard tables and charts, and available on the DAC website.



#### Reporting from multilateral donors

- The CRS contains data for the following multilateral donors:
  - the World Bank and regional development bank (AfDB, AsDB, IDB)
  - a few UN agencies: UNICEF, UNAIDS, UNFPA
  - others: GFATM, IFAD, FTI
- None report on the gender



#### For more information

# Methods and data are available on the DAC website at

www.oecd.org/dac/stats/crs

