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STATEMENT by
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Access and Participation of Women in Education and Science in the Republic of Croatia

Commission on the Status of Women
Fifty-fifth session

Priority Theme:

Access and participation of women and girls to education, training, science and technology, including for the promotion of women's equal access to non-traditional employment and decent work

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Mr. Chairman (Chairperson), distinguished delegations, ladies and participants,

It is my great pleasure to address the Commission on the Status of Women, and to contribute to the priority theme Access and participation of women in higher education, training, science and technology, including for the promotion of women's equal access to full employment and decent work.

The Republic of Croatia strongly supports the role of the UN and the efforts it invests in many countries worldwide, in improved education and elimination of part of fundamental women's human rights, as well as one of the most important Millennium Development Goals.

Mr. Chairman, allow me to this opportunity to share with you some facts and figures on the situation in our area pertaining to the Republic of Croatia.

I am proud of the fact that no segment of population has been recorded: male and female students are equally represented at all levels of education. However, women prevail in the total number of students who enrol in universities, (with 55%), as well as in the total number of students who graduate (widely 60%). It is important to add that 52% of students in science degrees hold their women.

This increasing trend of highly educated women has been continuous for the last forty years. If this development continues we can expect significant changes in the market – for the benefit of women.

Nevertheless, the choice for occupation for women in Croatia is still influenced by traditional gender roles. For instance, among university graduates women are still underrepresented in the field of computer sciences (16.2%) and engineering (20.4%), although there is slow but growing trend in this area. However, by way of contrast, women make up 73% of all mathematics and statistics graduates.

It is important to note here recent research which shows that approximately 80% of Croatian citizens support the equality of both genders to education.

On the basis of these facts, national strategic priorities in the educational sector comprise the introduction of gender-sensitive education at all levels, including the removal of gender stereotyping, systematic gender equality training for teaching staff, and public awareness campaign. These priorities are an integral part of the National

Policy for the Promotion of Gender Equality, MDGs national indicators, and are clearly regulated under Croatia's Gender Equality Act.

Recently implemented measures aiming at reaching national priority by achieving in this area included amongst other things; a new *Code of Ethics* which prescribes the removal of stereotypes from school textbooks, gender equality in pre-teacher training programme, and initiatives to include gender equality into the curriculum gender education curriculum.

Distinguished participants; in addition, I would like to point out that with 58% women employed in the research and development sector has reached gender parity and made significant progress. The fastest growth of female participation in the research sector has occurred in the business sector where they now account of 44% in the government research sector, a remarkable percentage 52%.

Turning to higher education, with 44% of the total number of academic staff being women, in Croatia we have nearly reached equal representation. However female representation at the full professor rank is lower and increases in the faculty lecturers and assistants where women make up 53%. In higher education institutions only 14% of women hold rector, and 17% dean positions. Despite this, the number of women holding leading positions in public research institutes is notably better, with 40% of directors are women.

In conclusion, allow me to highlight that our goal and priority in the area of science, research and development is to further stimulate girls to engage more early in schooling in the so called "male area of interest" and continue by studying in the technical fields such as engineering and information technology. We believe that this is the necessary path to pursue in order to provide opportunities in a world led by new technologies and highly skilled labor market.

Thank you very much for your attention.