



Statement by Ambassador Clark Cooper
Permanent Observer of the Organization of the Islamic Conference to the UN
55th Session of the Commission on the Status of Women

Mr. Chairperson,

The issues concerning women have been among major priorities in the OIC General Secretariat's agenda in recent years.

The OIC Ten Year Programme of Action, adopted by the Third Plenary Assembly held in 2005, highlighted the importance of the role of Muslim women in society and stressed on the need to strengthen laws aimed at enhancing the advancement of women. Muslim societies in economic, cultural, social and political fields must work towards achieving equality and for protection of women against all forms of violence and discrimination. Since the adoption of the Ten Year Plan of Action in December 2005, three OIC Ministerial Conference Meetings were held on women, the first in Istanbul in 2006, the second in Cairo in 2008, and the third most recently, in Tashkent in December 2010.²⁰¹⁰

The OIC, as part of its new 'vision set by' the Ten Year Plan of Action as well as its charter, has been focusing on some key areas of the development and empowerment of women and has been relentless in its efforts to deliver its commitments at the national, regional and international levels with its partners in order to promote the status of women and protect their rights. We believe that effective implementation of the OIC Plan of Action for the advancement of women (OICPAW) will constitute substantially to advance the status of women in the Muslim world and to bring them into the mainstream of socio-economic areas for science and technological advancement. Following the adoption of the OICPAW, the OIC Plan of Action for the Advancement of Women, we worked diligently to establish specialized institutions under the OIC framework for the development of women in the OIC Member States with its headquarters in Tashkent. The Statute of the OIC Women's Development Organization was adopted by the 55th Council of Foreign Ministers held in Dushanbe in May 2010.

The OIC Plan of Action constitutes a comprehensive strategy towards the advancement of women in political, economic, cultural and social spheres in the 57 Member States of the OIC. It accords due importance to the right of women in the Muslim World, dispelling misperceptions about the status of women in Islam. It lends a strategic vision and action oriented impetus to OIC's programme goals. Activities focus to incorporate the gender perspective.

Another very significant development is the prospective establishment of an OIC Independent Permanent Commission on Human Rights (IPCR), as a sub-Commission of the OIC Commission on Human Rights, which also constitutes a welcome augury for mainstream human rights including rights of women, in the programs and activities of the Organization.

The OIC General Secretariat as well as the OIC Observer Mission is committed to a priority to forge partnerships and encourage initiatives to highlight the role of women in development, reconciliation and peace-building, including women's role in 'faith-based' and 'interfaith'

initiatives.

Mr. Chairperson,

In order to provide a mechanism for the empowerment of women in the areas of science and technology, the Islamic Network of Women Scientists and Engineers was established during the First Islamic Conference of Ministers of Higher Education and Scientific Research held in Tehran, Iran in 2008. The network is administered by senior women scientists from OIC Member States. In 2010, the Fifth Islamic Conference of Ministers of Higher Education and Scientific Research held in Kuala Lumpur called for developing mechanisms for joint action among the Member States concerning the empowerment of women in the various scientific and technological fields, in order to foster their presence in higher education and scientific research; highlight their important role in the development of society, and the fight against poverty and other social ills; achieve an effective partnership among all society segments in the various productive and decision making fields; and provide measures to allow women to succeed in their activities.

In this regard, we call on the OIC Member States, their official and civil society sector institutions, as well as other potential partners to increase their engagement with the OIC General Secretariat.

A very important aspect of the OIC's efforts is promoting the health of mothers and children. With the assistance of the US Center for Disease Control and Prevention, the OIC has established a pilot program entitled, "Reaching Every Mother and Child in the OIC through Emergency Care." This project aims at reducing the mortality rate of mothers during delivery and infants for the first year. The implementation of this project is lead by women's groups, civil society organizations, religious leaders and other international partners.

I thank you for your attention.