



DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF TIMOR-LESTE

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE PROMOTION OF EQUALITY

Statement

By

H.E. Srna Idelta Maria da Piedade

Secretary of State for the Promotion of Equality

To the
55th Session

of the Commission on the Status of Women...

On

General Discussion: Review of the implementation of the DPFA, sharing
of experiences and good practices, with a view to overcoming
remaining obstacles and new challenges.

United Nations, New York...

24 Feb 2011

Chairperson, Excellencies, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Before I begin my statement, I would like to convey our deepest condolences to the families of the victims of the earthquake that hit N. G. Lautém, Timor-Leste.

Timor-Leste welcomes the establishment of UN Women, and the appointment of Michelle Bachelet as its Executive Director, and under Secretary-General Dr. Ban Ki-moon's leadership, and we look forward to joining her at the official launch of UN Women this evening. We hope that this will strengthen international assistance for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of women and girls. We look forward to an increased field presence, and greater partnership in our programming. Timor-Leste is a member of the Executive Board of UN Women. We would like to use this opportunity to positively influence the development of an efficient and sustainable organization. At this time, I would also like to mention that Timor-Leste's first ever candidate, Maria Helena Reis, was elected to the CEDAW Committee. With the recent adoption of our State Budget, the government finalizing a budget proposal and our family car contribution to UN Women, in accordance with our capacity, we believe this strengthens our commitment to gender and desire to contribute to the promotion of gender equality at all levels.

Thank you for this opportunity to share an update from my country on the implementation of the Beijing Platform for Action. The Government of Timor-Leste is committed to advancing equality between women and men in all spheres of life. Gender equality is guaranteed by the Constitution as well as the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW) which Timor-Leste ratified in 2002. This year, Timor-Leste has celebrated the 10th Biennium Declaration and the Plan of Action of the Third World Congress. These reflect the commitments made by Government, Parliament, Civil Society, Religious Authorities, recognising the needs and rights of Timorese women.

Among the achievements and challenges in promoting gender equality and women's empowerment since our last appearance at the Commission on the Status of Women 2010, I can already report that:

A Law against Domestic Violence was promulgated by the President last year, after 8 years of development. The law provides for legal protection and support services, including the establishment of shelters and support services for survivors of domestic violence. Dissemination of this law has been completed in nine of 13 districts, although very slow to commence in the districts that have not yet been reached. A National Plan of Action on Gender Based Violence is to be drafted, also in the final stages of consultations for a Gender Justice Policy, which focuses on the reduction of violence against women and children.

In the area of Gender Responsive Budgeting, as a result of ongoing gender mainstreaming efforts in the line ministries and parliament, two noteworthy allocations for gender initiatives were approved from the State Budget last month. The first is a special allocation to implement the recently passed law against Domestic Violence, of \$1.45 million, to be distributed among the main actors in its implementation, namely the Ministry of Justice, the Ministry of Social Solidarity, the Ministry of Health, and the Vulnerable Persons Unit of the National Police. The second allocation is to the Ministry of Agriculture in the amount of \$500,000, to be used in training of women farmers to improve their skills, and that of their families, as well as to increase market oriented production to increase incomes.

SEPI's continued participation in the National Priorities process, and in the reviews of ministerial Annual Action Plans, will assist in the embedding of the principles of gender equality, in terms of strong and effective gender monitoring mechanisms. SEPI has been working, at national level,

planning through the National Strategic Development Plan and the National Gender Policy. We are currently participating in multiple M&E strengthening initiatives, including the development of a central database of gender statistics. This will act as a centralized place for gender-based violence (GBV) statistics. However, increasing capacity for gender mainstreaming, and the need for disaggregated data is still needed. A challenge we face is that there is a high demand for gender expertise, but one constrained by limited human resources and finances.

Timor-Leste had its first constructive dialogue with the CEDAW Committee only a year and a half ago, and since then, we have been working on the concluding observations. In 2010, we focused on supporting gender activities in the key sectors of Education and Health. Highlights of activities in the Education Sector included: a Gender in Schools Sensitisation Programme in 3 Regional Offices; Awareness raising through theatre on the value of education for girls with the aim of raising the number of girls in schools. For the Health Sector, a workshop was held, to increase awareness of the importance of disaggregated statistics on women's health, sensitise participants about gender, women's mental health and reproductive health, and gender barriers to accessing health services. SEPI is now in the process of preparing a special progress report on health and health in order to the CEDAW Committee later this year.

Also responding to the CEDAW concluding Observations, which asked for a permanent interdepartmental structure, with high-level representatives with decision-making powers from all relevant sectors and levels, for the evaluation in what is entailing effective mainstreaming gender mainstreaming strategy", we have developed a new mechanism, which will replace the current inter-ministerial Gender Focal Points, with Gender Working Groups. These groups will consist of high-level officials at the national and district levels. This new mechanism is set to establish more effective coordination for the implementation of gender mainstreaming, drafted and is currently awaiting the assent of the Conflict Ministers.

On Security Council Resolution 1325 on Women, Peace and Security, a cross-government initiative between Ireland, Liberia and Timor-Leste topics covered include women's participation, protection and prevention of sexual and gender based violence, justice security and rule of law. At the launch of the final report in New York on the 10th Anniversary of SCR 1325 last year, the initiative was described as ground-breaking. It was the first time a developed country had sought to learn about peace-building from developing countries. In our case, Ireland came to Timor-Leste to learn from our experiences in protection of women in a conflict setting.

Chairman, Excellencies, ladies and gentlemen,

The Government of Timor-Leste will continue its endeavors to ensure the implementation of the Beijing Platform for Action and the Millennium Development Goals. Our vision is for a Timor-Leste that is a prosperous and peaceful multi-nation, where a gender-tint society where human dignity, human rights and women's rights are upheld, protected, and promoted by its laws and culture.

Thank you for this opportunity.

Mrs. Idelta Maria Ribeiro
Secretary of State for the Family and Migration
24 February 2011.