

STATEMENT

by the representative of Ukraine at the 55th Session of the CSW

(New York, 28 February 2011)

Mr. Chairman,

While aligning fully with the statement of the Presidency of the European Union, I would like to briefly touch upon a number of issues which are of particular interest of my country.

Ukraine welcomes active involvement of all UN bodies in the process of implementation of ways and modalities of empowerment of women. Let me express our appreciation to the UN Secretary-General for his leadership and crucial support in making UN Women Executive Board a reality. We have recognized the importance of a strengthened United Nations gender architecture in advancing gender equality. It is a great honor and responsibility for our country to lead the UN Women Executive Board and the Bureau. We welcome successful outcomes of the first regular session of the UN Women Executive Board as a very important step forward which demonstrates strong support, significant credibility and great expectations of Member States. We have no doubt that the new entity will bring an important shift to the work of the UN in the area of gender equality and the empowerment of women. Ukraine will do its best to make implementation of gender policies and programmes more effective.

Mr. Chairman,

Fifteen years after Beijing undoubtedly there has been progress in implementing its outcomes. Above all, more countries have understood that women's equality is not only a prerequisite for development, but also an advancement of women's rights and dignity on the way into global and national agenda, women continue to face persistent obstacles in their lives. Perhaps the most insidious barrier to women's equal participation in elected bodies is the persistence of stereotypes towards women, which perpetuate discrimination and entrenches prejudices. To overcome this women must be educated and enabled to play fully their role in the global economy, life of their families, communities, states.

The problem of sexual exploitation and trafficking in human beings has become a serious challenge for many States, representing one of the worst forms of violence against women. The terrible business of trafficking in persons as well as other forms of violence against women are particularly flourishing in the areas of armed conflicts. Indeed, we must redouble our efforts to end these brutal phenomena. The tenth anniversary of the UN Security Council Resolution 1325 has been a key opportunity to strengthen the global alliance for peace, security and equality. Ukraine became a co-sponsor of the SC Resolution 1820 (2008) on Sexual Violence in Armed Conflict. We remain ready to undertake further steps, in particular as a member of the Peacebuilding Commission and the UN Women Executive Board.

Mr. Chairman,

Since the Beijing Conference the gender policy became an integral part of the state policy for Ukraine. After the adoption in 2005 of the Law of Ukraine "On ensuring equal rights and opportunities for women and men" its provisions are incorporated in national action plans adopted every five years. This led to the development of the institutional mechanism on developing a human gender-oriented system of education, science, statistics, civil society activities and state human resources policy. In 2010 in the office of the Ombudsman of Ukraine the Permanent Commission on protecting children's rights, equality and non-discrimination started its work. The society's perception of the roles of men and women became more informed. The committee monitors gender distribution of responsibilities. The institution started to better identify the situations of discrimination on the basis of gender that shows the population's raise of awareness of its rights.

These and other important trends are properly reflected in the combined sixth and seventh periodic report of Ukraine on the implementation of the Convention on Elimination of Discrimination against Women, which was successfully presented in January 2011 in Geneva. Ukraine has submitted to the UN the National Report "Ukraine on Universal Development Goals."

Ukraine. It comprises targets and indicators related to gender equality which were adapted to the UN Sustainable Development Goals taking into account the national context of the country's development.

Though Ukraine has made a substantial progress in the implementation of the issues defined in the national law, there are still challenges to face among them – incompleteness of the gender transformation; a need for further development of gender statistics; an insufficient level of awareness of the legal aspects of organising the equal rights and opportunities for women and men; establishing gender equality research centers, etc.

Ukraine is actively involved in the process of standard setting within the framework of international organisations such as the Council of Europe. In particular we welcome the finalization of the Convention on Action against Trafficking in Human Beings. The correspondent national law was adopted in order to adjust national legislation to the norms of this Convention.

Last year we submitted significant steps to build up national legislation on the basis of international standards. Ukraine ratified the Council of Europe Convention on Action against Trafficking in Human Beings. The correspondent national law was adopted in order to adjust national legislation to the norms of this Convention.

On 11 November 2011, Ukraine will assume the Chairmanship of the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe. We consider the future Chairmanship as a great honor which also imposes a great responsibility for our country.

At present we are analysing our commitment to the social and organizational aspects of the Chairmanship. Main priorities are: to mainstream gender equality as an inherent part of our Chairmanship. The Conference on gender equality, the order of events during this period envisages the Conference on gender equality mechanism of the Council of Europe.

A draft 'concept document of the work of the Committee of Ukraine' which shall form the basis of the State Strategy Program concerning gender equality and opportunities for women and men for the period 2012-2016, will be prepared. To meet the above objective, it should also be noted that for the Ukrainian Government the achievement of gender equality in the society is one of the main components of social and economic reforms under way.

Mr. Chairman,

Ukraine has traditionally been regarded as a country with a powerful scientific potential, what scientific schools recognized throughout the world, and with an advanced system of training.

At present about half of our women have higher education and secondary special education. Girls constitute more than half of the students in universities.

In spite of everything, what is being done in Ukraine is to achieve gender equality in education and science, there is a multifaceted problem calling for special attention on the part of the educational institutions of the State and civil society. Change will be possible only if both sexes participate actively in this process.

In conclusion, Mr. Chairman, my Delegation would like to reaffirm the strong commitment of Ukraine to apply all its efforts in order to ensure for women and men their families and children healthy and worthy conditions for the actual development in all spheres of life.

I would like to take this opportunity and invite all delegations to a Side Event at the 55th Session of the Commission on the Status of Women "Stopping sexual violence against children through intersectoral approach", organized by the Permanent Mission of Ukraine to the United Nations, the United Nations and the UN Special Representative of the Secretary General on Violence against Children. This event will be held on Monday, February 28 at 1:15 pm in Conference Room 7.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman.