

needed to develop the machinery to design and implement the mechanisms for monitoring  
and evaluation.

## Commission on the Status of Women

56<sup>th</sup> session

27 February to 9 March 2012

Opening – 27 February 2012

H.E. Ms. Marjorie V. Kamara

Chair of the Commission on the Status of Women

Deputy Secretary-General,

President of the Economic and Social Council;

Under-Secretary-General;

Excellencies;

Distinguished delegates;

I am honored to welcome you to the fifty-sixth session of the Commission on the Status of Women. I extend a special welcome to those who have traveled from afar these exciting weeks, and in particular, Ministers, union Government officials and experts from capitals, representatives from non-governmental organizations and participants from the entities of the United Nations system. Greetings to all of you!

For good reasons, the annual sessions of the Commission on the Status of Women are a must-attend on the calendars of the global gender equality community. It is the time when we gather to take stock, rejoice in progress made, rally our forces and commit to further efforts to bring real change to the lives of women and girls around the globe. Over the years, we have seen our efforts leading to concrete results at national level, and across the spectrum of the United Nations' work in the fields of development, peace and security, and human rights.

One of the key roles of the Commission on the Status of Women is to address remaining gaps in the implementation of the Beijing Declaration and Plan of Action. This task is achieved in a number of ways, by examining the priority theme in an in-depth manner to determine the impact of actions taken, if any, to implement its conclusions learned, and agree on further steps directed at governments and other stakeholders. The Commission also evaluates progress in the implementation of previous agreed conclusions and focuses on emerging issues to contribute to a better understanding of gender perspectives.

At this session, the Commission's priority theme is the empowerment of rural women and their role in poverty reduction, education, development and current challenges. We will examine the many contributions of rural women to the economy, and their communities, and the challenges they face in their discussion, the high-level round table and interactive panels, and in the concluding of the session. These should also feed into other major international processes, such as the upcoming United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development, Rio+20, to

and from our commitments to advance the rights of women and girls in all spheres of human endeavour.

We will consider the crucial question of how we finance efforts to achieve gender equality. What have different stakeholders done since the fifth-second session of the Commission, when we adopted the concluding statement on gender equality and the empowerment of women? What more is needed and how do we ensure accountability for results? And we will hear about the role of young women and men, girls and boys, as champions of gender equality and how their contribution can be harnessed for a better future.

My fellow States, United Nations entities and non-governmental organizations are organizing side events that will further enrich our deliberations. I thank them for their efforts.

Distinguished delegates,

Let us continue to work in the spirit of this Commission.

One of the main premises of work on gender equality is that gender equality is not static; it requires constant change and require fresh responses, new coalitions, emergence and creation of opportunities for progress.

The second is the Commission's belief in linking global accountability with its implementation at the global level and their accelerated implementation at the national level. Such accountability is key for ensuring that the Beijing Platform for Action and subsequent commitments to gender equality translate into tangible results for women and girls in their many realities. It also means that the real work starts after the session, when we return to our duty stations and jump start the process of implementation.

A third premise is that the work for gender equality is not the responsibility of one person or of one group of stakeholders. Ensuring gender equality and women's empowerment is a societal responsibility, a responsibility of governments, civil society, grass roots organizations, the private sector, of men and women, girls and boys everywhere. These key premises must guide the work of this session.

I wish all two constructive weeks of stimulating discussions, joint learning, strategizing and new insights, so that we continue our work re-energized and with renewed determination.

Thank you.